

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.



PER YEAR.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY JUNE 27, 1918

VOL. XXXI, NO. 43

DAIRYMEN FIX NEW MILK PRICES

A milk price ultimatum has been issued upon by the Milk Producers' Association, which includes dairy farmers of Illinois, southern Wisconsin and northern Indiana. Three hundred delegates representing locals of the three states have been in secret conference in Chicago last week.

Announcement of the new price agreement was made last Wednesday night by C. W. Potter, chairman of the association's milk board, who also presided at the Elgin convention.

Mr. Potter said the dairy farmers would insist upon the following scale of prices per 100 pounds during the summer months: July, \$2.75; August, \$2.80; September, \$3.25.

The producers are willing to make a concession to help the Chicago consumers, Mr. Potter said. If the big city distributors will agree not to raise the Chicago price above 12 cents a quart, the farmers will accept \$2.50 a hundred for their product during the month of July.

"These figures are the best the farmers are willing to submit," Mr. Potter said, "and they are going to stand pat on the proposition to a finish fight. The farmers have gotten the worst of arbitration hearings, and if any further propositions are made toward getting together with distributors it must be at a conference where all concerned are represented, and where all distributors agree to abide by the final decision."

Mr. Potter said that he would present the farmers' demands when the hearings conducted by W. E. Lamb, attorney for the food administration, are resumed in a few days in Chicago. These hearings are being conducted for the purpose of fixing fair milk prices for the Chicago district.

It is understood that one of the sharpest discussions during the producers' sessions had to do with the proposal to reduce the butter fat standard for milk from 3.5 per cent to 3 per cent. After much argument it was voted to preserve the old standard of 3.5 per cent per 100 pounds.

A per cent differential, in place of the old 3 per cent, will be insisted upon by the producers. Under the suggested change the farmers would receive a 4 per cent increase in price per 100 pounds for milk testing above the 3.5 per cent butter fat standard.

The Borden company is the only one of the large milk dealers that has announced any summer month prices to producers. This company has fixed the July price to the dairymen at \$2.12, the August figures at \$2.30, and the September price at \$2.30.

Divine Healer Who Worked in Antioch 'Pinched'

The Springfield, Ill., Journal, on last Sunday printed the following concerning the troubles of Dr. W. Hawkins, self-styled divine healer, who this spring visited Antioch to practice his powers of healing, advertising his visit widely in Lake county newspapers.

The paper said:

"Dr. W. Hawkins, divine healer, has additional troubles, and is now a prisoner in the county jail on a confidence game. Hawkins was arrested on Friday on complaint of an inspector for the state department of registration and education, charged with healing human ailments without a license."

A few hours later, a warrant was sworn out, charging him with working a confidence game by securing cash from persons who became his patients. Hawkins was re-arrested and remanded to the county jail in default of \$1,000 bond.

Hawkins has visited a number of cities in the state, and it is probable that additional charges will be preferred against him."

Epworth League Elects Officers

The Epworth League held a business meeting and election of officers in the church basement and the following were chosen to serve for the ensuing year:

President—Susan Tiffany.
First Vice President—Lena Spafford.
Second Vice President—Dorothy Hucker.

Third Vice President—Marguerite Savoy.
Secretary—Esther Hawkins.
Treasurer—Merrill Sabin.
Organist—Lena Spafford.

At the close of the business meeting refreshments were served and a social time was thoroughly enjoyed by all.

Archbishop Confirms Large Class Tuesday

His Grace, Archbishop Geo. W. Mundelein visited St. Peter's church in this village, Tuesday and at 11:00 o'clock a. m. administered the Sacrament of Confirmation to eighty-six children.

His Grace was assisted by Rt. Rev. Mr. E. F. Hoban, Chancellor of the Archdiocese of Chicago.

The confirmation children escorted the Archbishop from the rectory to the church, besides the number of men who headed the procession, and the pastors from the surrounding parishes who were also in line.

Frank Dunn of this place acted as sponsor for the boys and Miss Ella Mitchell of Long Lake served as sponsor for the girls.

The girls wore white dresses and veils with wreaths, some of natural flowers.

After a few remarks addressed to the parents of the children, His Grace spoke to the little ones saying: "Dear, beloved children you have received the Sacrament of Confirmation by which Almighty God gives you the grace to become perfect Christians and soldiers of Jesus Christ; in order that you may valiantly fight the battle of life. You, on your part, must be true to this Sacrament in your lives, fitting yourselves by the practice of virtue to be in reality soldiers of Christ."

When men are to be drafted for the army, a great number are called. Then they have to pass an examination and many are cast aside because they are unfit to fight. The same is true of the Army of Christ, dear children, we are all called to fight in that army, we are all drafted, our names are all set down, but when it comes to the test whether or not we are fit to fight for the banner of Christ, that rests with ourselves. To be soldiers of Christ we must be Christians in heart, soul and mind."

So large was the number who gathered to witness this impressive service that the church could scarce accommodate them all.

The Archbishop left early being obliged to visit Area, where he has purchased considerable ground on which is to be erected a large seminary.

W. S. S. Rally in Opera House June 2

Tomorrow (Friday), June 28, is a day set aside for War Savings Stamp drive, and on that day a supreme effort will be made to raise Antioch from its present \$2.09 per capita to the required \$10.00. While this drive is on a smaller scale than the Liberty loan drives, it is as vitally important and still receive as ready support. The government has scheduled 20% of the war to be paid through the sale of the War Savings stamps and with this in mind let us each "buy a stamp and do our bit."

These stamps will mature in the year of 1923, then you will get your money back with 4% compound interest, and you will have the satisfaction of knowing that you played your part this great war by loaning your savings to "Uncle Sam" when he needs the money.

In obedience of the proclamation issued by our governor, Antioch is well as every other village and in the state, will have a War Savings Stamp rally on the evening of the 28th. It will be held in the opera house. A good speaker who has many facts of interest to relate, has been procured for this occasion and it is especially desired that a large audience will be out.

Additional Loss

Mrs. Maude Sabin was Chicago visitor today.

The Danish society held at Loon Lake Sunday, netting \$6.15 which was turned over to the Cross.

J. C. James went to Chicago today (Thursday) where he visited Mrs. James at the hospital reports her doing nicely.

Earl Pitman has been called as a first class painter, and is reported for duty at the Great Lakes Training Station July 3.

The Guild of the Cross of St. Ignace church, entertained today at the home of Mrs. Fred Case. The girls busied themselves with making articles for the bazaar.

The third annual fair given by the Ladies Guild of Episcopal church will be held on 4th of August. Don't fail to attend the ladies have been busy all summer making useful articles. The Village will also be an attraction.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Keulman were called to Chicago first of the week by the illness of Keulman's brother in law, Wm. J. who passed away Monday forenoon. The Keulman family are in Chicago today (Thursday).

THEY GIVE
THEIR LIVES

DO
YOU
LEND
YOUR
SAVINGS

W.S.S.
WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
MADE BY THE
UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT

Big Fourth of July Celebration at Antioch

Big Street Parade at 10:30— Picnic at Stanton's Grove

Dance at the Opera House in the Evening

One week from today (Thursday) will be our great national holiday, the Fourth of July, and Antioch is prepared to celebrate the event with a rousing good old fashioned celebration, which will include not only the old fashioned sociability but all of the new fashioned amusement features as well.

The fun will begin at 10:30 in the forenoon, the hour set for the big street parade to start. It will leave the grade school at the appointed time and proceed south to Savage's corner, then west on Maple avenue to Victoria street then north to Lake and then west to Stanton's grove, where everything will be in readiness to furnish the crowd a lively good time all day.

The street parade is to be one of the leading features of the day and every one should be on hand to see it. It is to be headed by the Antioch and Allendale bands, then will come the G. A. R., the firemen, the boy scouts and the girl scouts. The Camp fire girls will have a float as will also the Eastern Star, The Royal Neighbors and the U. S. Boys Relief. Various communities are also to be represented by floats, those who have already signified their willingness to enter being Grass Lake, Lake Marie, Channel Lake, Lake Catherine, Trevor, Wilmet, Lake Villa, Russell and Milburn. Decorated autos and a fair sprinkling of clowns etc., will also be in line, and judging from some of the veiled remarks that we have heard, we think it is safe to say that some surprising stunts are likely to be sprung.

The procession will come to a halt on Main street and the dedication of the Antioch Township service flag with its close to sixty stars, one for each of the Antioch township boys now in the service, will take place. We have been cautioned not to let out any secrets but just the same we are giving you a tip to be on the watch for "Barbara Fritchie" for she has been invited and expects to be here.

Provision has been made for all kinds of amusements at the grove. The program will begin at 12:45 sharp, and includes a solo by Laura Louise Snyder.

A selection by the male quartette, a solo by Bertha James Gilbert. Mr. Arthur B. McCoid Assistant Corporation Counsel of the city of Chicago is to be the speaker of the day. He is one of Chicago's most prominent lawyers and brilliant orator who never fails to hold the undivided attention of his audience.

A double floor pavilion, is to be erected and open air dancing will be indulged in all the afternoon.

Graham Brothers of Long Lake, one of whom now holds the world championship record, will give an exhibition shoot at 3:00 o'clock. There will also be races, contests and in fact everything for fun and amusement.

Then too there is the country store, and a butcher shop to visit, and if one wishes to purchase refreshments they may do so at the ice cream, candy, popcorn or soft drink booths. And when you catch a whiff of the appetizing aroma of the "hot dogs" you just can't help buying.

There will be something doing all day at the grove and in the evening there will be a dance in the opera house with Morrells orchestra furnishing the music.

The proceeds of the entire day's program, including the dance in the evening, over and above expenses, will be given to the Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. Every body come, enjoy the fun and help along with a good cause.

Draft of Sixty-seven Leaves Waukegan today

Included in the draft which leaves Waukegan for Camp Grant at Rockford, today (Thursday) are three young men from Antioch. Their names are: William Peterson, Miles Michiel Carney and Ruben Forsman.

In all there are sixty-seven young men from this district to leave at this time, residents of Waukegan, North Chicago, Zion City, Wadsworth and Winthrop Harbor.

The entire sixty-seven received notice instructing them to meet at the draft board headquarters in Waukegan yesterday (Wednesday) afternoon at four o'clock for mobilization. They will leave the Northwestern depot in Waukegan this evening at seven o'clock for Rockford.

Letters From Our Soldier Boys Here and Over There

The following letter was received by Mrs. Harmon Garwood of Channel, a few days ago and was written May 30, by her son Leslie, who has been in France about four weeks:

Dear Mother:—

Just a line or two to let you know that I am fine and just as fat as can be. I had a very interesting voyage, the sea was just as nice and smooth as Channel Lake. We saw several sharks and one star fish and also one whale. There are a large amount of jelly fish, they resemble a big mushroom in shape. We are only a few miles from port, of course I can not say what port, there is land on both sides of us. I just ate my supper. Can you imagine what kind of fruit we had? Beans—It is beans for breakfast, dinner and supper. Oh! I love them. I am sending a few American stamps, which I have no use for any more, though I guess it will cost you more postage no.

I have not much paper, so when they censor this I hope that if I have written anything that I should not the censor shall blot it out instead of cutting it. I shall be kind of glad to be on land again, it has taken quite a few days to make this journey. There is lots that I should like to tell you, though it is impossible as I do not wish to write anything that could possibly help the enemy any, so I will have to wait and say it when I come back to the states.

Wishing you all the best of health and lots of love, your son, Private Leslie Garwood, 140 Ambulance Co., 110 Sanitary Train, 35th Division, A. E. F., via N. Y.

Fort Preble, Portland, Me.
June 4, 1918.

Dear Brother Dell:—

Well, seeing you won't write me I suppose I had better drop you a few lines to let you know that I am still in the U. S. S., doing fine and getting fatter every day.

Well Dell we got all picked out yesterday and formed one Battery. I am in Battery E of the 72nd Reg. There was only 43 of the 7th Co., boys picked out. Page and I are still in the bunch of O. K's.

And say I took the examination on the big Mortars Guns that is the 12 in. Mortars and passed as 2nd class Gunner. There was only 13 of us out of 43 that passed it, am getting to be some soldier.

I don't know when we will be leaving here but expect it will be about the first of July. Wish it was soon as we are all tired of this town and have all got itchy feet and you know how it is when your feet get that way.

How is the business, or are you just as busy as ever. And say do you ever go up home and see ma, if you do tell her I got a letter from Leo yesterday and he is fine, he hopes we get over there pretty soon so we could get together, but he wants me to transfer into the Eng. corps with him, but I don't think I will do it, as I like Motor work to well to leave it now and beside we will be right in on the fighting stuff and in the Engineers you would never do anything like that and I want to stay with this company for when we shoot a projectile out at them it is sure going to send some Hun or German to Hell quick. With our guns we will always be from 10 to 16 miles away from the front lines and I am going to try for 1st class Gunner, to pass it you have to be good in Arithmetic and quick on figures and I guess I can hold my own there. If I went in the Engineers I would never get anywhere. If I get to see Leo when we get over I am going to try and talk him to our battery.

Well, Dell as there is not much to write about and mess is ready will have to ring off so try and find time to answer, as I have not heard from anyone lately. Give my regards to Carney's. So write to your brother Joe.

Address—Even J. Rogan, Battery E, 72nd Artillery C. A. C., Fort Preble, Portland, Me.

Teddy Hucker Sustains Injury

The first Fourth of July accident of the season took place Tuesday afternoon and for a time it was feared that little Teddy Hucker had lost his sight as a result.

In company with several other little playmates he was enjoying the sport of shooting fire crackers and as an experiment they placed a lighted cracker in an empty bottle. Thinking that it was not going to shoot he picked up the bottle and holding it close to his face, peeked into it just as the cracker exploded, and received the full charge in the face mostly about the eyes.

He was hurried at once to a physician, and at first it was thought that one eye was so severely burned as to render it sightless, later however it began to clear up and at present the doctor in charge is confident that he will completely recover and that he will suffer no permanent effect from the experience.

NEWS ITEMS OF INTEREST

Our Exchanges Have Many Items of Different Events Concerning News.

NEWS OF VARIOUS KINDS

The Borden milk receiving station at Gilberts, Carpentersville, Sutton and Hampshire will close down shortly.

Even the gypsy cannot resist the trend of civilization and 20th century progress. This week Lake county was visited by a gypsy caravan equipped with automobiles instead of the time honored horsedrawn vehicles.

One hundred German prisoners of war are now confined at Camp Grant. During the day time the men "farm it" on the military reservation, while a strong guard keeps watch over them. All of the captives speak English, their section chief being a German university graduate.

The Inderrieden Canning Company has started its season's pack of peas with the prospect of the best run the factory has known in its fifteen years of operation. On last Monday evening ninety-three men were shipped out from Chicago and the work started in earnest Tuesday.

Horses are a rarity in the streets of French cities, and it is almost as uncommon there to see anyone who does not wear wooden shoes. All the buildings are of stone with tile roofs. The people one meets there either are old or very young—all the others are engaged in carrying on the war. It would be as uncommon there to go to work without drinking wine as to go hunting without a gun.

A Waukegan man has just received a letter from his son who is in a training camp in Texas. This young man winds up his letter with, "For Heaven's sake, Dad, send us down a cool breeze. There is nothing between us and Hell but a screendoor." We would surmise that it is rather warm down there where the young man is writing from and judging from the past few days of weather in Waukegan and vicinity, Waukegan would gladly permit the father at present to make an exchange with the young soldier and send down a few of the cool breezes which are sweeping back and forth here for some of the hot ones that seem to be driving him to desperation in Texas.

Obituary

Monday, June 17, 1918, occurred the death of Horace Cooley Hoskins at his residence Sawyer avenue Chicago. He leaves to mourn his loss a devoted wife and two daughters, Luella and Harriet and two brothers, Erskine of Emporia, Kansas, Charles S. and one sister Mrs. S. J. Strahan of this place and a host of friends both in Chicago and in this vicinity.

Mr. Hoskins was born in Salem, Wisconsin, where he grew to manhood and where he attended school in District No. 6, and later taught in several of the schools in Kenosha county. For sixteen years he has been connected with the Parental school Chicago and done much good work ever since it was founded in 1902, being buyer for the board of education in the school. He was a member of the Albany Park Presbyterian church, also a member of St. Bernard Masonic lodge. His demise will be long regretted in business and home circles. He will be greatly missed in the home as he was a kind and affectionate husband and father and beloved by all who knew him. Funeral at residence June 20th, interment at Graceland cemetery, Chicago. The deceased was very well known in this vicinity and his many friends here extend sympathy to the sorrowing family.

Powerful Pump

Your heart is a very busy organ. While you breathe once it beats four times. At each beat it sends four pounds of blood through your veins and arteries. The weight of the circulating blood is 20 pounds. When you run your legs and other parts of your body need more blood, so your heart must pump faster.—Popular Science Monthly.

PAYING OUR DEBT to FRANCE

"AFAYETTE, we are here." In these simple words, General Pershing gave eloquent expression to the thought that America today is but paying her debt to France.

The words of General Pershing were spoken as he stood at the tomb of Lafayette, French aristocrat by birth but democrat at heart, who gave his own services and fortune to the cause of American independence and was instrumental in bringing from France the aid that turned the tide in favor of the revolutionists.

Those of the present generation who are not familiar with early American history are apt not to realize the magnitude of the debt which the United States owes to France and to the memory of the gallant Lafayette. In the dark hours before the dawn of freedom for America, France poured forth her men and money in quantities that were in those days most impressive.

It is not generally remembered that France furnished more troops than America at the battle of Yorktown, where final victory was won for the struggling colonists. In that battle there were engaged 3,500 militia under Gen. Thomas Nelson, 5,500 Continentals under Generals Washington, Lafayette and Alexander Hamilton and 7,000 French under Rochambeau, besides the French fleet of nineteen ships at anchor in the York, commanded by De Grasse. Altogether, the total military, naval and transport service which France sent to our aid in the American revolution amounted to 47,089 men and 60 vessels of war and transports.

Gave Money as Well as Men. France, moreover, advanced to the depleted treasury of the revolutionists the equivalent of \$50,000,000, without interest, a loan or gift which she has never claimed. Furthermore she agreed, and adhered absolutely to the compact, that she would ask no share in such territory or booty as might be incident to victory. This agreement was the more remarkable in view of the fact that England had but a short time before taken the richest of French possessions—the Dominion of Canada.

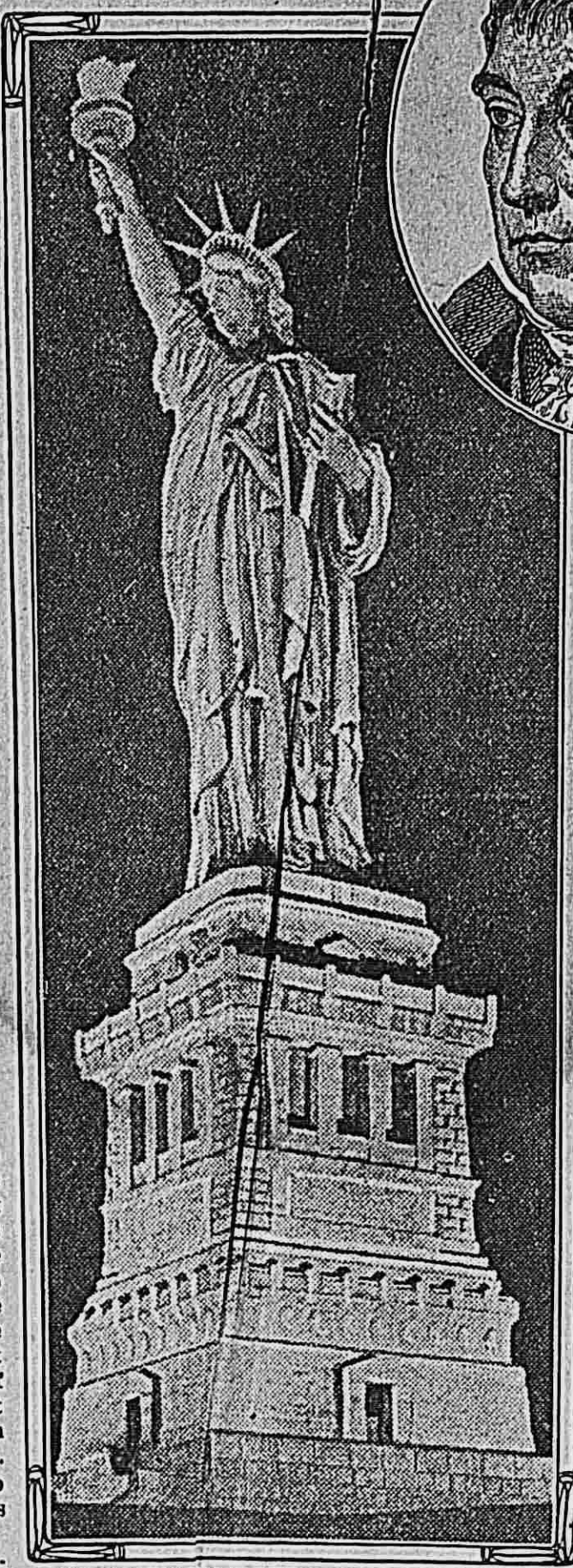
And it was almost wholly due to Lafayette that this invaluable aid was given by France to the new republic. At the time of the declaration of independence of the United States, Lafayette was only in his nineteenth year. His life had been one of ease and luxury. His family was among the most eminent in France. He was a nobleman with the title of marquis. He never had encountered those influences that usually lead people in the fight for democracy. But, as if it were a vision calling him Lafayette saw the new spark of liberty struck in the West. The greatest fight of the world was being fought for the greatest ideal in the world.

The youth of nineteen realized this, and in the fight he was determined to take part. He made known his intention, but he was forbidden by royal command to leave France. He escaped to Spain, and from there aboard a vessel he had purchased himself sailed for America. He landed in Charleston and set forth immediately to congress, which was then in session at Philadelphia.

Congress at First Lukewarm. His name and fame had preceded him, yet such was the unsettled state of affairs that when Lafayette went to Philadelphia congress was at first lukewarm concerning him. Some of the members could not sense the zeal and devotion of a man who had come 3,000 miles to fight in a cause not his own. There had been a contract signed in Paris through which Lafayette was to have the rank of major general in the American army. Even the wise Franklin, however, did not realize to the full the worth of Lafayette at this time, for in a letter of advice he speaks of the distinguished rank and family of the young soldier and hints that on account of the fact that he had a lovely wife and had left such surroundings at home that it would be well not to place him in any danger unless there should be some unusual emergency.

When the meaning of the self-immission of Lafayette did dawn upon our forefathers recognition soon came. The rank of major general was conferred and it proved no empty title. Washington had gone to Philadelphia to consult with congress, and he and Lafayette, meeting for the first time at a dinner, began that friendship as proverbial as the affection between David and Jonathan.

Lafayette was then not of age, boyish in appearance, and had never studied English until he began his seven weeks' voyage across the Atlantic. The English general, Lafayette promptly was such fire in his eye and such



THE STATUE OF LIBERTY, A GIFT FROM THE PEOPLE OF FRANCE.



LAFAYETTE, THE GODFATHER OF AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE.

of the Pennsylvania troops, and was reinforced by the militia from the Virginia mountains. With 4,000 men he gave battle to Cornwallis at Albemarle and sent him in retreat to Yorktown. The surrender of Yorktown soon followed, and Lafayette stood by the side of Washington when the British forces laid down their arms. He received the thanks of congress for his part in this campaign, which brought triumph at last to the cause of American independence. He returned to his native land with the love and respect of a people who revered him as second only to Washington himself.

Throughout the eventful years in which France was forming the ideals of republicanism on the ruins of an order which had passed from earth the marquis was one of the architects of this new fabric. To his native conceptions of liberty he had added ideals

of freedom. To Lafayette France owed its first declaration of rights drawn in the revolution. To him also it owed its tricolor flag, the same red, white and blue as that which glorifies our own Stars and Stripes, under which Major General Lafayette, U. S. A., fought for the existence of a nation of American freemen.

In the present struggle for the wresting of the world from the grip of an avid Attila Americans, British and French are shoulder to shoulder at the front. How our General Lafayette would have been enthused and gladdened at the thought! The quarrel of the American colonies, many historians show, was not with the people of England but with a Hannoverian king who acted against the counsel of the wisest statesmen of British birth. The instinctive love of fair play which is implanted in the Englishman rebelled at the thought of a colonial taxation without representation.

Lafayette's attitude to the English was revealed when, while visiting his uncle, the Marquis de Noailles, then ambassador to the Court of St. James, he declined all invitations to visit arsenals and shipyards, believing that by so doing he would be taking an unfair advantage of a nation which was to be his foe through the stupidity of a ruler who could not and would not understand.

His home in Paris after the close of the war of the revolution became a place of rendezvous for both English and Americans.

"Since the war is over and we have won it," he wrote to General Washington in 1780, "I have, I confess, an extreme pleasure in meeting English people. Either as a Frenchman, or a soldier, or an American, or a mere individual, I find myself without embarrassment in the presence of that proud nation."

There could have been no gentler acts of courtesy than those which he did when Cornwallis had surrendered at Yorktown, for he had the highest opinion of the British commander as a man, and, as he modestly wrote Cornwallis, "held him in high esteem."

Long before there were hands stretched across the sea between this country and England, Lafayette, the American general, was doing much to bring about a reunion of the two nations which are brothers of one blood.

A two-wheeled cart which automatically loads and unloads corn cobs is the invention of a New Jersey farmer.

Cast iron shells, once thought obsolete, are being manufactured in France at the rate of 1,000,000 a day. They are more effective against earthworms than those of steel.

Metallic sodium hardens lead without changing its color. Two per cent of sodium will harden lead so that it will ring when struck; a larger amount causes it to become brittle.

Much in Little

American artificial ice factories refrigerating plants consume at 15,000,000 tons of coal a year.

The Bahama Islands may be extensive producers of rubber by cultivating the Mexican rubber vine.

At one period no small ranches in the Spitzbergen for months, but they are now able to the world's news twice a day by less telegraph.

Raise German Tanker

Five long, woolen mufflers aided in floating the German tanker "Gut Heil," after spending five years on the muddy bottom of the Mississippi river off Baton Rouge, says Popular Mechanics Magazine. When the ship was finally floated and towed to a bank, where an examination could be made, it was found that the machinery was in far better condition than had been expected.

Middle Aged Women

Are Here Told the Best Remedy for Their Troubles.

Freemont, O.—"I was passing through the critical period of life, being forty-six years of age and had all the symptoms incident to that change—heat flashes, nervousness, and was in a general run down condition, so it was hard for me to do my work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me as the best remedy for my troubles, which it surely proved to be. I feel better and stronger in every way since taking it, and the annoying symptoms have disappeared."—Mrs. M. GODDEN, 925 Napoleon St., Fremont, Ohio.

North Haven, Conn.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored my health after everything else had failed when passing through change of life. There is nothing like it to overcome the trying symptoms."—Mrs. FLORENCE ISLELL, Box 197, North Haven, Conn.



In Such Cases

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

has the greatest record for the greatest good

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

Sure to Win the War. The great strategy of war is to think quick, and shoot straight and fast.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as Othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of Othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength Othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

"Too Late, Sir—Good-By."

A brigadier general just back from the front after the fierce battle which opened with the German attack in Picardy, tells the following story of an English officer. He was at one end of the telephone and a young captain in command of a half-company at a redoubt was at the other. The captain was rung up at least every quarter of an hour to report. The fight grew hotter, and he reported: "Things getting hotter, general. Think we can manage," and described what he was doing. "Getting very bad now, sir." Then "They're all over us." The general said: "Destroy your stuff and cut through as best you can. You're a glorious fellow." Then the voice said: "Too late, sir—good-by."

Rabbit Pest in New Zealand.

As a fair illustration of the rabbit pest in certain portions of New Zealand, and especially in the drier sections of the South Island, it is stated that on an estate lately taken over by the New Zealand government comprising 12,440 acres of freehold and a pastoral run of 19,250 acres there were killed or captured about 120,000 rabbits in order to clear up the property so as to make it suitable for the location of returned soldiers.

Hard on Hun Folks. The Hun is a wasteful creature, but the folks back home pay for the ammunition.

Put Into Practice

Conservation means the use of foods requiring less sugar, less fuel, and the minimum of wheat.

Grape-Nuts

requires NO SUGAR, NO FUEL, less milk or cream than other cereals, and is part BARLEY. It's a concentrated, nourishing, economical and delicious food. TRY IT!

What "Good-By" Means. "Good-by" is simply a contraction of "God be with you." To say "adieu" is another way of saying, "To God I commend you." The literal meaning of "farewell" is "May you journey well," or "Fare you well."

WOMEN SUFFERERS MAY NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease. If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased. Pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness, are often times symptoms of kidney trouble.

Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, may be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Get a medium or large size bottle immediately from any drug store. However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Post Cards First Used in Austria. Post cards were first used in Austria. They became a part of that country's postal service in 1839. They cost less than half a cent to send and the first were limited to 25 words. They were taken up by England a year later. The first picture post card is said to have been sent in England in 1891. Some two or three years later the first view cards made their appearance. Post cards came into use here in 1877.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*. In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

REMARKS BY NOTABLE MEN

Forceful Expressions Frequently Heard From Prominent Personages in the Public Eye.

Ezra Pound—Go out and defy opinion.

John Galsworthy—We are awakening to the dangers of Godsnusing.

General Foch—A battle is never lost until its loss is acknowledged.

Clarence Rex—It is all right for a girl to marry for money if she is worth the money.

Rudyard Kipling—Nine-tenths of the atrocities that Germany has committed have not been made public.

Billy Sunday—Germany lost out when she turned from Christ to Krupp and from the cross of Cavalry to the iron cross.

Lloyd George—There is no time for ease, delay or debate. The call is imperative, the choice is clear. It is for each free citizen to do his part.

T. C. O'Donnell—A stanza or two from "America" sung whenever opportunity and time permit, will bring oxygen into your lungs and strengthen the muscles of the abdomen and breasts.

—New York Independent.

Jewelry or Munitions.

A high official in the British ministry of munitions says that there are several reasons why people should not buy platinum jewelry. In the first place, it is very expensive; then the world supply has almost been exhausted, and also the men at the front need more munitions, and platinum is required for the manufacture of explosives wherewith to win the war.

Opportunities are very sensitive; if you slight their first visit you seldom see them again.—Anon.

A war ending in exhaustion is not a victory.

JUDGE DECIDES STOMACH REMEDY A GREAT SUCCESS

Commissioner of Mediation and Conciliation Board Tries EATONIC, the Wonderful Stomach Remedy, and Endorses It.

Judge William L. Chambers, who uses EATONIC as a remedy for loss of appetite and indigestion, is a Commissioner of the U. S. Board of Mediation and Conciliation. It is natural for him to express himself in guarded language, yet there is no hesitation in his pronouncement regarding the value of EATONIC. Writing from Washington, D. C., to the Eaton Remedy Co., he says:

"EATONIC promotes appetite and aids digestion. I have used it with beneficial results."

Office workers and others who sit much are martyrs to dyspepsia, belching, bad breath, heartburn, poor appetite, bloating, and impairment of general health. Are you, yourself, a sufferer? EATONIC will relieve you just as surely as it has benefited Judge Chambers and thousands of others.

Here's the secret: EATONIC drives the gas out of the body—and the Bloat Goes With It! It is guaranteed to bring relief or your money back! Costs only a cent or two a day to use it. Get a box today from your druggist.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM. A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

Itching Rashes Soothed With Cuticura Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

Call or write to E. 4th St. Chicago. They can EASILY NEAL DRUG HABITS.

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE.

Placed anywhere, Dasy Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient and cheap. Kills all species of flies, gnats, etc. No more annoying pests. Dasy Fly Killer. Sold by druggists, grocers, etc. HAROLD SOMERS, 250 DE KALB AVE., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Every Woman Wants Partine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE. Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years.

A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleansing and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50c. All druggists or postpaid for mail. The Paxton Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

Land Hunger Satisfied—Deep, black corn land, 20, 30 or 150 acres (approx. with or without crops, 300 growing days). Agricultural Dept. calls it Wonder-land, properly organized and experienced parties financially assisted. Guaranty Title Trust Corp., Norfolk, Va.

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 26-1918.

The Mathematical Mind. "What was the answer to that investigation?"

"It turned out," replied Senator Sorghum, "like some of these sums in decimal fractions. The problem seemed simple enough, but you could prolong the answer indefinitely."

Eight of the olive trees in the historic Garden of Olives at Jerusalem are more than 1,000 years old.

Over a million tons of food shipped to our allies in March.

When Your Eyes Need Try Murine Eye Balm. No smarting, stinging or burning. Druggists or mail. Write for MURINE EYE BALM.

THE KAISER

"THE BEAST OF BERLIN"

A seven reel feature, accurately portraying the events of the World's Great Conflict. Historical events intermingled with personal touches all the way through, closing with the downfall of Berlin and Imprisonment of the Kaiser

... AT ...

Majestic July 4th

All afternoon and evening

Special Assessment Notice

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Antioch, County of Lake, and State of Illinois, having ordered that a connected system of main and branch sanitary sewers, sewage purification plant and all appurtenances be constructed in sundry streets and places in the Village of Antioch, entitled: "Antioch Special Assessment Docket No. 6" the ordinance providing for the same being on file in the office of the Village Clerk of said Village.

And said president and board of trustees of said Village of Antioch having ordered that a supplemental assessment be levied for the amount of the deficiency of the original assessment for the cost of construction of such connected system of sewers, being entitled: "Antioch Supplemental Assessment No. 6," and the ordinance providing for such supplemental assessment being on file in the office of the Village Clerk of said Village, and said Village having applied to the County Court of said Lake County for a supplemental assessment to provide for the amount of deficiency of the original assessment of the cost of said improvement, according to benefits, and a supplemental assessment roll having been made and returned into said court, the final hearing thereon will be had on the 16th day of July A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day or as soon thereafter as the business of the court will permit.

All persons desiring may file objections in said court on or before said time and may appear on such hearing and make their defense. Said supplemental assessment is payable in ten installments with interest at the rate of five per cent per annum on all installments from and after the date of first voucher.

Total amount of such supplemental assessment as shown by the estimate is \$11,500.00 and the total amount assessed as benefits upon the public is \$867.93.

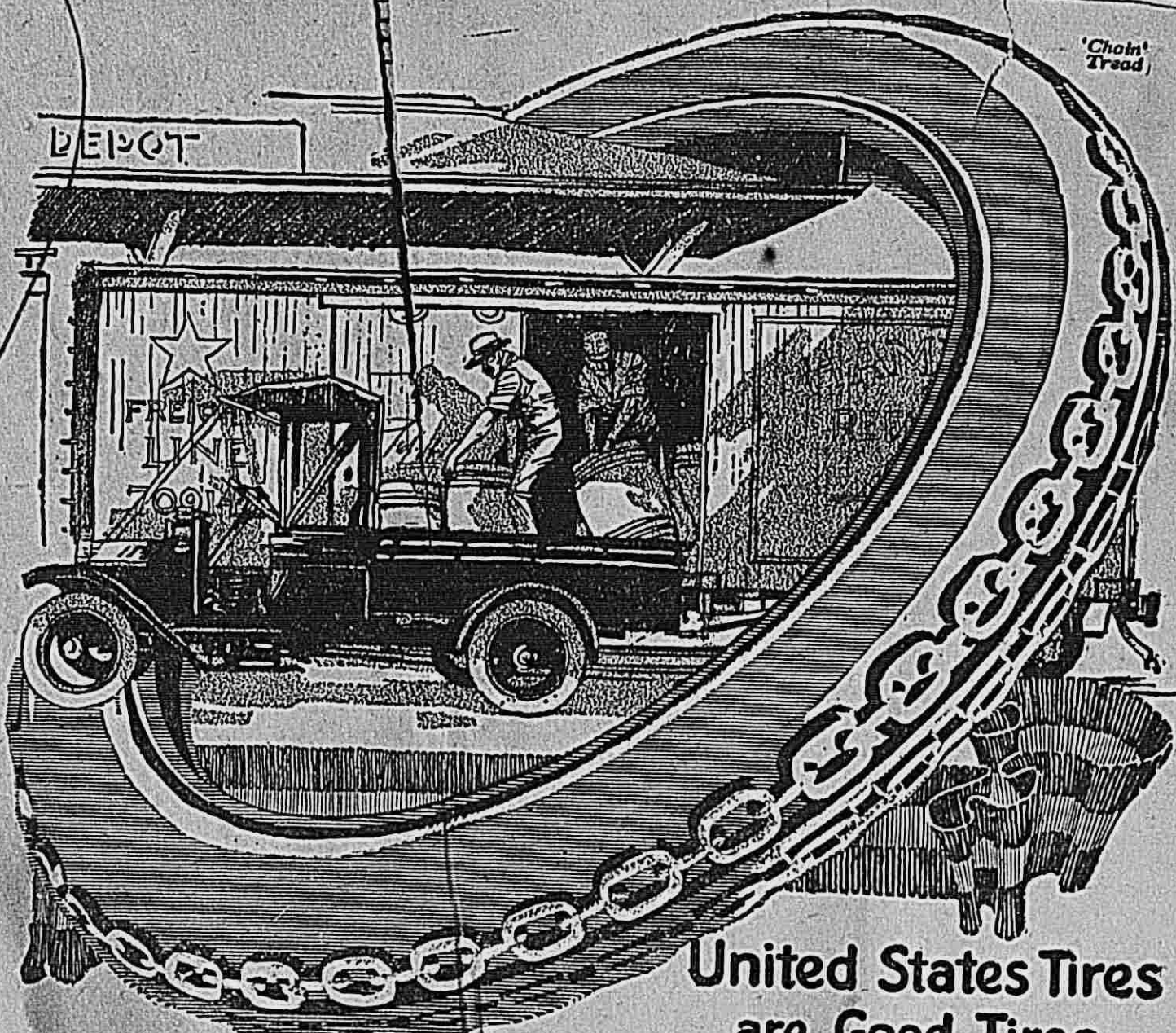
Dated at Antioch, Illinois, this 26th day of June A. D. 1918.

NASON SIBLEY,

The person appointed by the President of Board of Local Improvements of the Village of Antioch to make said assessments.

Beginning of Postal Systems.

The complete organization of a system of postal communication in England did not take place till the reign of James I (1600). Doctor Franklin was the father of the present gigantic postal system in the United States.



United States Tires are Good Tires

Now is the Time to Make Your Tire Buying a Business Proposition

Now, in this time of war, it is more necessary than ever to buy tires for permanent economy.

Hundreds of thousands of motorists have found that business judgment in tire-buying leads straight to United States Tires.

The phenomenal growth of United States Tire Sales is positive proof of this fact.

The unusually high quality of United States tires has

made them easily the most popular tires among owners of the biggest-selling light cars.

The same quality is built into all United States Tires—into the small sizes as well as the larger sizes for heavier cars.

Select the United States Tire that fits your particular needs. Our Sales and Service Depot dealer will gladly help you. Then stick to it.



We know United States Tires are good tires. That's why we sell them.

WILLIAMS BROS.

E. J. DRUCE, Grayslake, E. WALD & CO., Lake Villa.

Opening of the Summer Season Series
of Dances will take place on

Saturday, June 29

... AT ...

Herman's Bluff Lake Resort
Everybody Invited

Local and Personal Happenings

Edward Babor was home Sunday.
Dr. Barber, at Antioch Sunday, June 16 and 30.

Mr. Hanson of Chicago spent Sunday at Channel Lake.

All kinds of home cooking at the bakery sale Saturday.

Saturday at the Majestic Wm. Far-num in "The Conqueror."

Paris Green-Arsenate of Lead-for potato bugs at King's Drug Store.

Miss A. Babor entertained Chicago lady and gentlemen friends Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Lester of Oak Park spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mrs. H. A. Riggs of LaPayette, Ind., spent the past week with relatives here.

Miss Carrie Chard of Libertyville was an over Sunday visitor with Mrs. Maude Sabin.

Mr. and Mrs. Litzberg of Powers Lake spent Sunday at the home of H. Garwood.

Clarence Savage of Evanston and Leslie Cleary of Chicago motored out Sunday morning.

Miss Viola Kuhnert is entertaining a school friend, Miss Anita deHarde of Milwaukee this week.

Mrs. Wilton and son Robert, Mrs. John Cobb and Elizabeth Tenbroggan motored to Kenosha Tuesday.

Mrs. C. Clark and grandson Gordon Smoak spent the latter part of last week with relatives at Richmond.

We have buyers for 40 or 80 acre farms near Antioch. F. J. Stahl & Co. 226 W. Washington street, Waukegan.

Miss Mildred Brockhus has returned from Beloit, where she has been for the past three months with her grandparents.

The Delta Alpha class will hold a home bakery sale in the Majestic theater Saturday, June 29. Opening at 10:00 o'clock a. m.

Mrs. John Traynor and three children have returned from Beloit, Wis., where she spent a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Little.

Mrs. E. Byers returned to Forest Park Sunday night after spending the past two weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Garwood.

Misses Marguerite and Ellen McGraw and Miss Mary Wood of Lake Beulah, spent a few days recently at the home of their uncle, John Traynor.

There is to be a penny social at the M. E. church this (Thursday) evening. A good program has been prepared and everyone is promised a good time.

The Antioch Township Sunday School convention will be held at the Hickory church on Sunday afternoon, July 14. Watch for further announcement.

There will be a meeting at the Hickory church Friday evening, June 28, to decide on plans for the annual Hickory picnic. Everyone interested come.

The Mystic Workers will give a dance in Kaping hall at Ingleside, Friday evening, July 12. Music by Mason's orchestra. Tickets 25 cents a person. Refreshments extra.

Farmers, Attention! Any donation to our Sales Department of our Fourth of July picnic would be greatly appreciated. Nothing is too large or too small for us to dispose of. Della Mathews, Chairman.

On account of the Fourth of July coming on Thursday, we will go to press one day earlier than usual next week and ask our correspondents and others wishing items inserted to kindly bear this in mind and hand in their copy as early as possible.

Every member of the U. S. Boys Relief club, is requested to contribute at least 10 articles, which must be worth at least 10 cents each, to the chairman of the "Country Store," each article to be well wrapped. Any article commonly sold in country stores will be welcome. We also solicit from Red Cross member or any one else who is interested in our picnic, July 4. Bring or send all articles to Della Mathews, Chairman.

"The Kaiser, The Beast of Berlin" is to be shown at the Majestic theater in Antioch on the Fourth of July. The show will open at two o'clock in the afternoon and run continuously all the afternoon and evening. This show is of unusual merit and is declared to be keenly accurate in its characterization of the leading figures of the spoils politics of Belgium and the subsequent events which led up to America's participation in the war. It is a seven reel feature and has been endorsed by the American Defense society.

All Red Cross juniors not already in a club parade for the Fourth of July please report to Mrs. Cassidy as soon as possible.

July Columbia Records now on sale at King's Drug Store.

Mrs. Somerville was a Chicago passenger Thursday.

Walter Harrower of Waukegan spent Sunday with friends here.

Mrs. Laurence Hoffman is entertaining her niece from Chicago.

Home made ice cream that can't be beat, at King's Drug Store.

Bertha James Gilbert will sing Saturday evening at the Majestic.

Miss Ester Hawkins is entertaining her cousin from Kansas City, Mo.

Automobile "Blue Book" (the only real road guide) for sale at King's Drug Store.

The Misses Grace Van Duzer and Hazel Pofahl spent Sunday with relatives and friends at Camp Custer, Battle Creek, Mich.

July 4th. Antioch people will have the opportunity of seeing the Photo-play, "The Kaiser, The Beast of Berlin" at the Majestic. Matinee and evening.

Beginning on next Saturday evening, June 29, there will be dancing every evening at the Queen of the West. Good music. Tickets 50 cents per couple. Everybody come.

Mrs. Geo. Kuhnert entertained her sister and husband Mr. and Mrs. Ziegler and brother, Mr. Scmahl an family from Jackson, Wis., over Sunday.

The public is respectfully asked to contribute articles worth ten cents each for sale in the "Country Store" on the picnic grounds on the fourth.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Strahl returned home on Friday evening for Chicago, where they had been called to attend the funeral of the latter's brother, H. C. Hoskins.

If you have anything to contribute to the "Country Store" at the picnic grounds on the Fourth, kindly leave the same with Mrs. Ella Mathews, Victoria street.

The Eastern Star due given in the Antioch opera house as a complete success in every way. An unusually large crowd was in attendance and a most enjoyable time was had by all.

Dr. C. H. Barber engaged in Government work will be in Antioch hereafter on Sunday. His dates this month (June) are 16th and 30th. Those wishing glass please call at H. J. Barber's on Sun.

At the present time there is no one conducting a milk route in this village, and the people who have been accustomed to having milk delivered at their homes greatly in the convenience. The crying need seems to be for some one to begin the delivery of milk.

Sheriff E. J. An Tuesday received registration card from two Lake county young men who are farming in Canada and have just registered for military service at Regina, Sask., Canada. The men are James Clark and August Hanlan, of Antioch. The boys were born at Rosecrans are 23 and 21 years of age respectively.

Chas. Horan spent Sunday in Chicago. Best Red Inner Tubes in town, at King's Drug Store.

Mrs. H. Garwood is visiting with her daughter, Mrs. W. Belter.

Sunday at the Majestic Majorie Rammeaves in "Motherhood," also Ford Weekly and Comedy.

List your farms for sale with F. J. Stahl & Co., Waukegan, the men who show results. Phone 237-238. tf

One of the most realistic battle scenes ever screened will be shown in "The Conqueror" at the Majestic Saturday.

The committee in charge of the "County Store" at the Fourth of July picnic is asking the public to make donations to this department. Anything worth ten cents is acceptable.

The north branch of the Red Cross met in Hancock's store Tuesday, afternoon at 2 o'clock with 18 ladies present. They made nine pajamas suits and also did some knitting. There were six juniors present knitting, snipping and cutting gun wips.

Elmer Taylor, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Taylor of this place, who is in training at the Gettysburg "tank" corps camp, has been admitted to the officers training corps of that branch of service and is in line for a commission. He is now a sergeant.

Lieutenant John Kaluf who is now in a training camp in Virginia, recently wrote to his parents Mr. and Mrs. John Kaluf of Hickory, informing them that he had received a medal for his efficiency as a sharpshooter, and that as he was soon to have a furlough, they might expect him home any day.

An unusually good show at the Majestic, Saturday evening, June 29, entitled "The Conqueror." A drama picturing the career of General Sam Houston, American Indians, Mexican soldiers, U. S. Cavalrymen, Texas Rangers, Trappers and Guides, each have a part. Its a great show. Don't miss it. Admission 15 and 25 cents.

CLASSIFIED

DEPARTMENT

FOR SALE-A No. 1 grade buggy, nearly new. C. E. Blunt.

WANTED-A farm of 40 to 60 acres with good buildings. Inquire at this office.

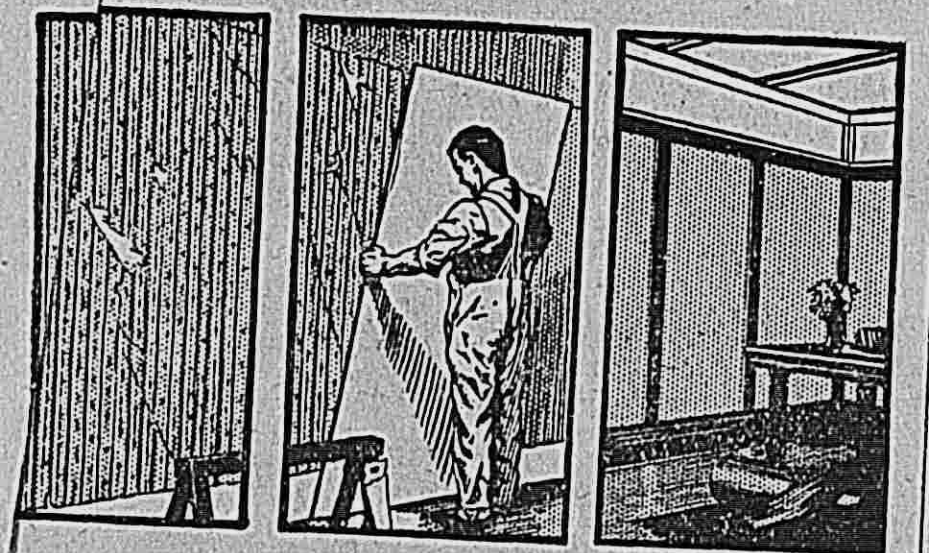
FOR SALE-An a 1 Studebaker auto in good condition. Inquire of Chas. Powles.

FOR SALE-Sow and 8 pigs three weeks old; also 5 pigs 6 weeks old. Fred Harden.

FOR SALE-A good gentle driving horse in good condition. Inquire of West Loper, Lake Catherine. 2w

FOR SALE-Six swarms of bees in new hives. Inquire of Dr. Corbin, at Cross Lake. Address Antioch or phone 16011.

FOR SALE-Entire threshing outfit consisting of engine, separator and water tank. Cheap. Louis Ruschewski, Lake Villa, Ill., East side Deep Lake. 41w4

BEAVER BOARD
FOR BETTER WALLS & CEILINGSMake a Clean Job of It
WHEN YOU REPAIR OR REMODEL

See how easily you can cover up old dingy cracked walls and build-in permanently new rooms all over the house—all without muss or litter.

Quite a contrast between doing your repairing and remodeling with clean panels of Beaver Board than trying to get a permanent job with messy lath and plaster.

Now you can use Beaver Board and put it right on top of the old walls and ceilings. With Beaver Board you can make usable rooms out of useless spaces in attic and basement.

Then, too, it is as good for the new home as it is for remodeling the old one.

Beaver Board is a new form of lumber. It's built up from the strong clean fibre of the spruce tree into large sturdy panels of knotless, crackless manufactured lumber. It's moisture-proofed by a patent Sealite process that prevents warping. Beaver Board will last as long as the building.

You owe it to your home, old or new, to see us about Beaver Board now.

Antioch Lumber and Coal Company.

ALLIANCE DEMAND
MORE CEREALS

American Meat Restrictions Relaxed to Effect Greater Wheat Savings.

ARGENTINE ARRIVALS SHORT.

Meat Supply Here Considerably Enlarged — Food Administration, However, Warns Against Waste.

The allies have made further and increased demands for breadstuffs, these enlarged demands being caused to some degree by shortage in arrivals from the Argentine. It is, therefore, necessary for the U. S. Food Administration to urge a still further reduction in the consumption of bread and breadstuffs generally if we are to meet our export necessities. The Food Administration has issued a statement explaining the situation in detail, particularly the reasons which lead it, for the purpose of centering effort for the time being upon the cereal situation to relax temporarily the restrictions on meat consumption.

Experience shows, this statement says, that the consumption of breadstuffs is intimately associated with the consumption of meat. For various reasons our supplies of meat for the next two or three months are considerably enlarged, and we can supply the allies with all of the meat products which transportation facilities render possible and at the same time somewhat increase our own consumption. In these circumstances the Food Administration considers it wise to relax the voluntary restrictions on meat consumption to some extent with a view to further decreasing bread consumption.

Conservation of food must be adjusted to meet necessities from time to time, for neither production, nor allied demands are constant factors, nor can any of these factors be anticipated for long periods in advance in the disturbed conditions in which we at present live. While the world situation is not one that warrants any relaxation in the efforts to eliminate waste or to relax economy in food, the Administration desires to secure better adjustment in food balances.

So long as the present conditions continue the only special restrictions we ask are the beefless and porkless Tuesday.

The meatless meal and the porkless Saturday are no longer asked.

The farmers of the United States are responding to the national call to increase hog production. Their increase, to all appearances, is being attained more rapidly. Of more immediate importance, however, are several complex factors which have effected an immediate increase in meat supplies.

The transportation shortage before the government took over the railroads, the bad weather in January and early in February, the large percentage of immature corn in the last harvest and the necessity of feeding this corn as rapidly as possible to save it from decay, have not only resulted in backing up the animals—particularly hogs—on the farms for a longer period of feeding, but have resulted in a great increase in their average weight and will result, with improved transportation conditions, which already appear, in larger than normal arrivals at market for the next two or three months. The weight of hogs coming to the market for the past two weeks indicates an increase in weight of from an average of 203 pounds last year to the almost unprecedented average of 232 pounds, or a net increase in their meat value of over 15 percent. This is a distinct addition to the nation's meat supply. Therefore now seems certain that we have such enlarged supplies for at least some months to come, that we can not only increase our exports to the allies to the full extent of their transportation facilities, but at the same time can properly increase our domestic consumption.

The response of the public to our requests for reduced consumption of meat during the past few months has been most gratifying, and this service alone has enabled the government during this period to provide such supplies as transportation to the allies permitted.

The Administration also suggests that in those parts of the country where the old fashioned home preservation of pork is still the custom, this practice should be extended at the present time, as it will relieve the burden upon transportation to and from the packing houses and is economical by sound as saving the cost of packing operations and at the same time will provide home supplies of pork to last over the months of decreased supplies.

The Food Administration desires to repeat that it does not want to give the impression that these are times when simplicity and moderation of living are not critically necessary, but that its sole desire is to secure an adjustment between our different food supplies and meet changing conditions from time to time and to keep the public fully and frankly advised of its position with the full confidence and assurance that whenever it becomes necessary renewed appeals for saving will meet the same loyal response as in the past.



Beauty

resides chiefly in the skin. The care of the skin should therefore form an important part of every woman's toilet

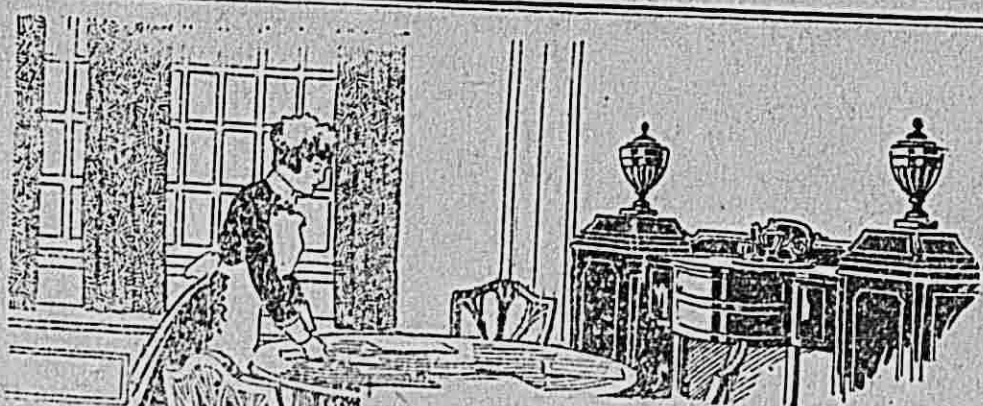
Combination
Cream Jonteel

nourishes, softens and whitens the skin and protects it against the weather. It is also a perfect base for face powder and it does not grow hair.

Perfumed with the costly new odor of 26 flowers—Jonteel. Wonderfully refreshing.

King's Drug Store

Exclusive Agents

An attractive
dining-room

To furnish a dining-room attractively the wall covering must be restful and unobtrusive. You can obtain these results with

DEVOE Velour Finish

The Guaranteed

This is an oil paint that gives a flat, velvet-like finish to walls, ceilings and woodwork. We can supply it in many tints to harmonize with any color scheme.

Besides being attractive in appearance, Velour Finish has many other advantages: It is inexpensive; it is easily applied; it is sanitary. If it becomes soiled, wash it with soap and water.

Let us send you the booklet—"Harmony in the Home." It tells and shows how inexpensively you can finish any room with Devoe Velour Finish. We guarantee your satisfaction.

WILLIAMS BROS. ANTIOCH STORE

ANTIOCH DEPARTMENT STORE

ANTIOCH,

ILLINOIS

PAINT DEVOE PAINT

TRUMAN'S FOREST KING

No. 2579

Will make the season of 1918 at my barn in Antioch, Ill.

SERVICE FEE

HENRY H.

A Cigar of Merit

"EL RECTOR"

CLEAR HAVANA CIGAR

Factory 2201-2203 W. 12th St., Chicago, Ill. PHIL C. NIEMAN, Maker
Phone Canal 4478
OFFICE, 1204 S. LEAVITT ST

Subscribe for The Antioch News

WORK OR FIGHT ORDER DEFINED

Provost Marshal General Crowder Rules Baseball Is Not Useful Job.

HITS MANY OCCUPATIONS

Store Clerks and Automobile Salesmen Under Ban—Local Boards Are Told to Use Common Sense.

Washington, June 24.—New regulations issued on Friday to draft boards by Provost Marshal General Crowder to govern application of the "work or fight" order do not rule specifically upon the status of professional ball players or other classes that may be affected, but emphasize the section of the order placing games and sports among the occupations classed as non-useful.

In an oral statement announcing the regulations, officials of General Crowder's office said "at present" the occupation of a baseball player is regarded as nonproductive, but that until a case had been appealed from a local board there would be no ruling on the subject.

"Local boards will consider cases of withdrawal of deferred classification with common sense," General Crowder's instructions say, and they name illness, vacation, the impossibility of securing productive employment without change of residence, as reasonable grounds for waiving the general order. While sales clerks in stores and clerical workers in offices are classed as nonproductive, department store executives and skilled workers attached to such establishments.

Traveling salesmen will be considered as engaged in productive employment, but automobile salesmen in cities will not, it is explained. Public or private chauffeurs are held to be nonproductive only when they combine other work with their mechanical duties.

Local boards are asked to assist registrants to obtain new employment through the federal employment service and are given power to postpone action while effort is being made to place men in occupations held productive.

"When it has been determined that a person in deferred classification is an idler or is engaged in nonproductive employment," the instructions say, "the classification and order number of such person will be withdrawn and he will immediately be inducted into the military service."

The regulations provide that persons engaged in the service of food and drink, or either, in public places, including hotels and social clubs, are engaged in nonproductive employment. This, however, does not include managers, clerks, cooks or other employees, unless they are engaged in the actual serving of food and drink.

Registrations further provide that passenger elevator operators and attendants and doormen, footmen, carriage openers and other attendants in clubs, hotels, stores, apartment houses, office buildings and bath-houses are engaged in nonproductive employments.

CABINET OF AUSTRIA QUILTS

Premier Seydler Leaves Vienna for Headquarters to Submit Resignation to Emperor.

London, June 24.—Dr. von Seydler, the Austrian premier, left Vienna at midnight for the Austrian army headquarters to submit the resignation of his cabinet to Emperor Charles, says a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Zurich.

[Premier von Seydler's tenure of office has been fraught with much bitter conflict. The breaking down of the "hunger offensive" against Italy and Germany's refusal to keep her promise to supply food to Austria, is believed to have led to the cabinet's decision to resign.]

New bread riots started in the Favoriten and Brigittenau districts of Vienna and there are now more than 150,000 munition workers on strike in the Austrian capital.

Army Plan.

Up to the army to furnish authority to the troops engaged in the war and Austria would be given the department under an amendment added to the \$12,000,000 army appropriation bill by the senate military committee. The eight Central and South American nations which already have broken relations with Germany possess a potential revenue of not less than 2,750,000 men.

Express Merger Announced.

Washington, June 25.—Formal announcement of the express merger under government control was made by the railway administration. The companies affected are the Wells-Fargo, Adams, American and Southern.

Questionnaires to Registrants.

Washington, June 25.—Registrants will be mailed to all of the recent registrants of the twenty-one-year-old class during the three days beginning June 25, the provost marshal general announced.

MAJ. ALEXANDER LAMBERT



Maj. Alexander Lambert, a New York physician, who was elected head of the American Medical Association after one of the most spirited contests ever held.

TURKS WAR ON U. S.

AMERICAN HOSPITAL AND CONSULATE ARE SACKED.

Violation of Rights in Neutral Country May Cause Drastic Action by Congress.

Washington, June 21.—Sacking of the American hospital at Tabriz, Persia, and seizure of the American and British consulates there by invading Turkish troops was reported to the state department by the American minister at Teheran. If the report as it reached the minister is officially confirmed the outrages may be considered an act of war and settle the long-pending question of whether or not the Ottoman allies of Germany should be formally listed among enemies of the United States.

According to the dispatch the Turks sacked the hospital over the protest of the Spanish consul, in charge as representative of American interests, and in defiance of the Spanish flag flying over the building.

The hospital at Tabriz is a Presbyterian missionary institution, established several years ago. Many American doctors and nurses have been stationed there, but for several months the situation has been so serious that the force has been greatly reduced, and a few days ago it was reported to the state department that the last American had gone.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES

Paris, June 22.—French prisoners who have been in Germany since August, 1914, will be exchanged on June 24, according to the Petit Journal.

Camp Dix, N. J., June 22.—Twenty-five thousand soldiers, so grouped as to form a human Liberty bell, posed here for what is said to be the largest group photograph ever taken. The picture will be used in the Fourth Liberty loan campaign.

Washington, June 22.—Representative Caldwell of New York declared after the meeting of the house military committee with Secretary Baker and General March, chief of staff, that as far as the United States was concerned the war would begin next September. By that time American troops will be equipped to make themselves felt.

New York, June 22.—Twenty traffic managers of grain exchanges in the East and middle West conferred at the offices of the United States Grain corporation to consider modifications likely to be made by the national food administration in the control of grain.

New York, June 22.—Joseph P. Rutherford, successor of "Pastor" Russell as head of the International Bible Students' association, and six of his associates who were convicted were sentenced to 20 years' imprisonment for conspiracy to violate the espionage law.

BIG REVOLT SWEEPS KIEV

Forty Thousand Peasants Armed and Organized Are Participating in the Revolution.

London, June 21.—A great revolt has begun at Kiev, according to an intercepted wireless message transmitted from Moscow to the Exchange Telegraph company. Artillery stores have been exploded and there is continuous street fighting. The revolt is spreading to the Poltava and Tchernigov districts. Forty thousand peasants armed and organized are participating in the revolt.

Bombs Kill Allied Prisoners.

Geneva, June 25.—The Germans are massing more and more allied prisoners in frontier towns, says the Lausanne Gazette. An Alsatian newspaper reports that five allied prisoners were killed in a raid on Thionville.

Defer Panama Elections.

Panama, June 25.—President Ciro Uriola, who succeeded to the presidency on the death of Dr. Ramon Valdez on June 3, has issued a decree, deferring for six months the elections which were set for July.

ITALIANS WIN VICTORY ON PLAVE; AUSTRIANS RETREAT

Diaz's Troops Capture 45,000 Prisoners and Many Guns.

AMERICAN FLYERS HELP TO ROUT THE ENEMY

Americans Storm German Trenches at Cantigny and Wipe Out Garrison—Enemy Driven From Belleau Wood—Berlin Statement of U. S. Loss at Selcheprey Is Denied—More Than 900,000 Yanks Are Now in France, Says Statement Issued by General March.

London, June 25.—The Italians have captured 45,000 Austrians, says an official statement issued in Rome on Monday.

It is reported that many other scattered forces of the enemy are trapped and it is expected that the number of captives will be increased heavily as full details of the battle are received.

The Italians have crossed the Plave in half a score of places in close pursuit of the fleeing enemy. The Italian cavalry is said to have many of the enemy surrounded on the east bank.

Great stores of rifles, machine guns and foodstuffs were abandoned by the enemy. The captures in cannon are not thought to have been large, as the Austrians had been prevented by the flood from bringing many big guns to their forward positions.

Cavalry Crosses River. On the entire stretch of the front from the Montello to the sea the Austrians have been cleared from the small point near San Dona di Plave. Their only hold there is a small bridgehead.

The Italians, advancing from the old channel of the Plave near the point where it enters the sea, have pressed forward until at last accounts they have reached the new channel.

Near the center of the front Italian cavalry has crossed the river at many places between Montello and Zenson. Great Gain Made at Montello. Far to the north, in the vicinity of the Montello heights, the Italians have swept back in one stroke all of the gains for which the enemy paid a huge price in lives.

They first recaptured all of the heights, penning in between the Montello and the river 40,000 of the enemy, then they drove forward, smashing back or capturing the foe, until they reached the river.

Since that time they have gained possession of two bridgeheads on the opposite side of the river. These bridgeheads are at Nervesa and Palze.

Foe Driven From Plave. Rome, June 25.—Extremely heavy losses in men and material have been suffered by the Austro-Hungarians in the defeat which the Italians have administered to them on the Plave front, the war office announced.

The enemy has been driven from the entire west bank of the Plave, except at one point, and was able to cross the river only under the deadly fire of the Italian artillery.

Italian troops have crossed the old channel of the Plave river, west of the main stream, and recaptured several of their old positions there.

From Capo Sile other detachments are advancing toward the main stream of the river.

The Italians have thrown numerous bombing detachments across the main stream, where the artillery and aircraft are hammering the enemy.

The Austrian dead cover the ground of the battle in extraordinary numbers.

Fleeing Foe Leaves Guns.

Italian Army Headquarters, June 25.—The great retreat by the Austrians along the Plave front began under cover of darkness Saturday night. The retreating troops left their cannon behind them. Italian detachments are pursuing the enemy east of the Plave.

When it was observed that the Austrians had begun a retrograde movement the Italians began to attack vigorously all along the Plave line from Montello west toward the mouth of the river. The attack was quickly pressed and became more insistent, accompanied by violent artillery fire. The number of guns left behind by the Austrians as they retreated has not been computed, but is said to be very great.

The work of the American flyers for the first time, contributed notably to the disorganization of the Austrian forces which had crossed the Plave, according to Italo Gariel, correspondent of the Milan Secolo.

Italians Attack at Dawn. The Italian attack began at dawn on Sunday. With the Montello on the left

AGREE TO SWAP PRISONERS

Russia and Austria Will Exchange Man for Man or as Many as Trains Will Carry.

Moscow, June 25.—An understanding has been reached between Russia and Austria that pending final agreement regarding the repatriation of war prisoners, able-bodied prisoners may be exchanged immediately, head for head, in numbers as great as the carrying capacity of railroads permits.

Negotiations between Russia and Germany have been interrupted because Germany insisted upon an exchange head for head, which arrangement would be of great advantage, as it would leave a great number of prisoners wanted in Germany. The Russians consent to the exchange with Austria on the head-to-head basis may be explained by the fact that Russia has a great number of Austrians, but only 120,000 Germans, while Germany has several million Russians

flank, the attack was carried out along the line through Candelu to Dona di Plave.

Austrian troops left to cover the retreat used their machine guns to set up a barrage fire.

Cruelly harassed by steady and accurate artillery fire, compelled to face bayonet attacks by the Italians and being constantly bombed by allied aviators, flying low in defiance of machine gun and artillery fire, the Austrians have been fighting recently with the courage of despair. Local counterattacks have been launched without regard for losses, against the allied trenches on the Montello plateau, but have been everywhere broken by the granite resistance interposed to the foe's progress.

The crest of the Plave river flood passed Saturday, but the falling waters came too late to relieve the positions of the Austrians. The inundation went 10 feet above the low-water mark.

Drive Turned Into Disaster. London, June 24.—The much-heralded Austrian drive has turned into what may be a great Austrian disaster, which may put Germany's main ally out of the war and wreck the Hapsburg dynasty.

The British had been on the Carso and had fought their way back during the retreat of last year, stopping at Montello to guard the reaches of the Plave.

The Italians had many men taken prisoner in the first onrush, but they counter-attacked and for every man captured by the enemy they have killed at least three Austrians, according to reports of correspondents, who declare that the slaughter was appalling.

After the fourth day the enemy began to yield ground everywhere. On Thursday the Italians carried out a brilliant maneuver, pushing the Austrians back to the river near where the Monte Bellina railway skirts it, above Sallito, then turning south across a bend in the river, which they reached again below Zenson.

penning the Austrians in a little loop of the stream about five miles wide. This huge flasco is all the Austrians have to show for their week's work and their hundred thousand dead.

U. S. Flyers Bomb Bridge. Italian Headquarters, June 22.—The first American aviator to fly on the Italian front went on a bombing expedition and succeeded in blowing two holes in a new Austrian bridge across the Plave river.

The commander of the Italian aviation camp expressed satisfaction with the work of the Americans. The aviation forces on this front are displaying the most intense activity.

U. S. Men Win on the Marne. With the American Forces on the Marne, June 25.—American troops on the Marne front last night captured the northwestern part of Belleau wood. The Americans cleared this strategic position of all Germans, captured some prisoners, and took five machine guns.

The Americans now are in complete possession of the woods. The attack was begun with a heavy barrage, after which the Americans went over almost immediately and smoked out the Germans, whose positions were regarded as almost impregnable.

One machine gun found in a tree was operated by a pulley.

The operation lasted only half an hour. It is taken to testify further to the thoroughness of American methods and of the determination of the Americans to succeed in any undertaking assigned to them. The whole affair was brilliantly conceived and brilliantly carried out.

900,000 U. S. Men in France.

Washington, June 24.—Nine hundred thousand American soldiers have been shipped from embarkation ports here to the front, Gen. Peyton C. March, chief of staff of the army, revealed in his weekly reception to the newspaper correspondents. This places the work of sending our men to the battle line five months ahead of the program originally laid out.

U. S. Men Win at Cantigny.

Washington, June 24.—At dawn American troops stormed German trenches and machine-gun nests in front of Cantigny, in the Mondidier sector. Those of the German garrison who remained to fight and carry out their orders to hold the positions at any cost were killed by rifle and machine-gun fire and bayonet. The Americans also took prisoners.

Yanks Drive Foe Nearly Mile.

With the American Forces on the Marne, June 21.—American troops in this sector attacked the German line northwest of Chateau Thierry during the night and made an advance of five-eighths of a mile, driving the Germans from a small pocket on the northern side of the Belleau wood.

Hold 38 Miles at Front.

Washington, June 22.—American soldiers are holding the fighting line for 38 miles on the western front, according to information given members of the house military committee by Secretary Baker and General March. This mileage is held by "all-American" forces under command of American officers.

COL. ALBERTUS W. CATLIN



Col. Albertus W. Catlin, commanding officer of the Sixth regiment, U. S. Marines, and one of the oldest officers wounded in France. He has been in active service more than 25 years, of which he served in the marine guard of the battleship Maine when that vessel was blown up in Havana harbor of the globe. He has been abroad since last October, having previously opened and organized the marine training camp at Quantico, Va.

HUNGRY HUNS RIOT

MOBS IN VIENNA ATTACK THE EMEROR'S PALACE.

Peace Advocates Slain in Berlin, Hamburg and Cologne, Says Censored Dispatch.

London, June 22.—More than 100,000 persons are gone on strike in the Volcan and the Warschau according to a dispatch from Zurich to the Exchange Telegraph. The dispatch adds that riots have occurred at and Briggtenyuburbs of Vienna.

London, June 22.—Serious rioting broke out in Vinn Thursday, says Amsterdam. A mob broke into a number of bakeries, stormed the residence of the prefect, and also one of the wings of the palace, the imperial order rushed to the capital to restore order. It is probable that the rioting was in protest against the reduction of the bread ration.

London, June 22.—Heavily censored private messages lived in Stockholm indicate that peace demonstrations were held in Hamburg and Cologne and that several persons were arrested, and many of the Morning Post from Stockholm. The police dispersed the mobs.

According to a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Zurich there has been a considerable number of strikes at Vienna and stout owing to a reduction in the bread ration. At one time the police were compelled to disperse the rioters.

450,093 MEN IN U. S. NAVY

Raid in Atlantic Respects for Tremendous Growth in Fighting Force.

Washington, June 25.—Thanks in part to Germany sending troops to this side of the Atlantic, the strength in personnel of the United States navy has reached the unprecedented number of 450,093 officers and men. Secretary of the Navy D. G. Taft gave out these figures for the first time.

Regular navy	205,782
Naval reserves	148,504
Marine corps	48,500
National volunteers	15,000
Coast guards	6,000
Totals	423,808
The naval reserve force has since March 1.	

RE-ELECT SAMUEL GOMER

American Federation of Labor gates at St. Paul Are Unanimous.

St. Paul, Minn., June 22.—Samuel Gompers was re-elected president of the American Federation of Labor at the annual convention here on Thursday.

Kansas City on Ice Rations.

Kansas City, Mo., June 24.—The city was placed on ice rations as a result of a shortage which ice companies predicted would become serious if the present intensely warm weather continues.

Aviator Instructor Killed.

St. Louis, June 24.—Lieut. James R. Wheler, twenty-four years old, of this city, aviator instructor, was instantly killed at Scott field, at Belleville, Ill., near here, when his airplane plunged 600 feet to earth.

Mrs. Busch Reaches Home.

St. Louis, June 25.—Mrs. Lily, widow of Adolphus Busch, arrived in St. Louis after an absence of several days. Mrs. Busch was greeted by relatives and others at the

EIGHTY-FIVE DIE IN TRAIN WRECK

Troop Train Tears Through Circus Tourist Cars at Ivanhoe, Ind.

HALF OF DEAD ARE BURNED

Hagenbeck-Wallace Performers Caught in Holocaust When Locomotive Goes Through Sleepers in Early Morning.

Gary, Ind., June 25.—Eighty-five persons were killed and many injured as the result of a wreck west of here early Saturday, in which an empty Michigan Central train crashed into and ripped through the second section of a Hagenbeck-Wallace circus special at Ivanhoe, Ind. Fire broke out almost immediately following the crash, and more than half of the deaths were the results of burns.

Horror ruled at the scene; women pleading for their children lost in one of the four coaches demolished first by the crash, and brought to ashes by the conflagration; men begging to be shot, rather than be left to burn to death; clowns, their jests turned to tears, sobbed for friends of the circus they could not find.

There were something like 300 of the circus folk on the wrecked train. The first section of the circus train had gone ahead to Hammond earlier from Michigan City, where the circus played Friday night. In the first section were most of the animals. A second section carried about 650 performers and help.

The troop train of 24 coaches was returning empty from the East. It was said to be traveling at a speed of sixty miles an hour when it crashed into the circus train.

Coroner Green of Lake county, investigating the wreck, was advised that Alonzo H. Sergeant, engineer, and Gustave Klaus, fireman of the empty troop train which crashed into the circus special would fight extradition from Michigan.

Both are in Kalamazoo, where Sergeant was arrested and where Klaus fled after his release on a writ of habeas corpus from the jail in Michigan City.

These men are regarded as the most important witnesses to be called in the inquest to be held to fix the blame for the disaster.

In addition to the circus list of missing, Fred S. Whipple of Michigan City, division trainmaster of the railroad, is unaccounted for. He is believed to have been a passenger in the circus train.

CALLS FOR WAR ON TURKEY

Resolution in House at Washington Would Also Make Bulgaria Foe.

Washington, June 22.—A joint resolution declaring a state of war with Bulgaria and Turkey was introduced in the house on Thursday by Representative Kelly of Pennsylvania and was referred to the foreign affairs committee. It declares that the military forces of the two governments named have committed acts of war against the government and people of the United States.

Appearing before the senate foreign relations committee in regard to another matter, Secretary Lansing discussed the Tabriz incident, and he and members of the committee were said to agree that if the attack upon the American consulate was made by an organized Turkish military force and not by a mob it would present an overt act sufficient to warrant a declaration of war.

URGE WILSON IN 1920

Former Governor Ralston Sounds Third Term Call in Indiana State Convention.

Indianapolis, June 21.—Declaring that "the exigencies of the times call for the renomination and election in 1920 of Woodrow Wilson," Samuel M. Ralston, former governor of Indiana, permanent chairman of the Indiana state Democratic convention, fired the opening third-term gun on Wednesday. The demonstration lasted for several minutes. Mr. Ralston followed Vice President Thomas R. Marshall, who, as temporary chairman, delivered the keynote address.

German Paper Is on the Rocks.

Chicago, June 21.—Following a meeting of the directors of the Staats-Papier, it was announced by Judge Reik, president of the publication company, that the paper will be sold, day or will suspend publication.

Slain by Chinese Bandits.

London, June 25.—I. W. Laidlaw, manager of the branch of the Standard company of New York, at Wuhan, Hubei, China, has been killed by brigands, says a Reuter dispatch from Shanghai.

Mrs. Busch Reaches Home.

St. Louis, June 25.—Mrs. Lily, widow of Adolphus Busch, arrived in St. Louis after an absence of several days. Mrs. Busch was greeted by relatives and others at the

FIVE DIE
IN WRECK

Years Through Gr
Cars at Ivan
Ind.

ARE BURNED

Performers Caught
Locomotive Goes
Down in Early
ing.

25—Eighty-five
and many injured
reck west of here
which an empty
crashed into
the second section
ance circus special
re broke out al-
owing the crash.
the deaths were

the scene; women
children lost in
ches demolished
brought to ashes
men begging to
be left to burn
jests turned to
nds of the can-

ing like 300 of
wrecked train.
the circus train
diamond earlier
were the circus
the first sec-
650 perform-

conches was
the East. It
at a speed
on it crashed

the county, in-
was advised
engineer, and
of the empty
into the cir-
extradition.

where Ser-
ere Klause
a writ of
ll in Michi-

is the most
called in the
the blame

st of miss-
ginn City,
railroad, is
labeled to be
the circus.

TURKEY

Washington
l-

int reso-
ar with
duced
Repre-
tation and
affairs
he mili-
tary of war
ple of

foreign.
to an-
g dis-
e and
said
in the
by an
and
overt
atlop

920
nde.

ing
call
in
M.
na,
na
he
y.
y.
e,
o,
e

ASK NO QUARTER
IN FIGHTS WITH
HUN U-BOATS

Lion-Hearted Crews Give
Good Account of Themselves
in Warfare.

MANY DEATHS OF HEROISM

Led by their Skippers, Sailors Battle
Almost Hopeless Odds,
Winning Victory Frequently by
Scarcely of Margins.

Long—Sometimes it is illuminat-
ing to look deeper into shipping re-
ports in the statement, for instance,
that three weeks six, four and
eleven British ships of more than 1,000
tons have been sunk." Doing so, one
finds that in one month—mid-March
to mid-April—64 vessels were at-
tacked by U-boats and escaped.

From the logs of a few tramp ships
in the custody of the admiralty which
have come safely to port with their
cargoes in recent days some typical
tales may be told.

A tramp proceeding at a leisurely
six knots, entered the danger zone.
All precautions were taken, extra
lookouts were posted and the gun's
crew—for she was defensively armed
—were standing round their "piece."
The day had just dawned and there
was every promise of a fine day. An-
other three miles away to port, with
the red of the morning sun glinting
on her gray back, a German subma-
rine was sighted.

As she was seen the U-boat opened
fire and shells dropped all round the
steamer, which shifted her helm and
put the U-boat dead astern, firing at
her all the time. The steamer's
gun crew were very cool and planted
their shells all round the submarine,
and the U-boat did not like it a bit.
Then the steamer put up a smoke
screen and the U-boat dived in a
panic, apparently expecting instant
dissolution.

Second U-Boat Appears.
She had hardly disappeared when
another U-boat, about 300 feet long
and mounting guns fore and aft on a
conning tower, broke surface. A
smoke screen was no longer suffi-
cient for the wind was blowing
from the rear, so the steamer lay
at her second antagonist, who fired
with vigor, shrapnel splashing on
the tramp's decks. For half an hour
the fight went on. Then one of the
ship's shells fell close to the U-boat,
which dived and vanished under the
water just as a patrol boat lagged
on the scene and loosed on a pile
of devastating rounds. It was the
performance to beat off two hostile
ships in such a short space of time,
and master and gun's crew de-
served commendation from my lord of
the admiralty.

In another case it was a both
of gunnery and seamanship. Proceed-
ing steadfastly on her course a Brit-
ish steamer heard guns in the
distance, but could see nothing of
the enemy. The propeller just her
ahead.

The white cliffs of Albion were lift-
ing on the horizon when, at twilight
was falling, a U-boat appeared
a point or two on the starboard bow
to the northward. Instantly all
hands were ordered to the stations.
Helm was put full over, the U-boat
brought astern, fire being opened on
the enemy, while a fire was light-
ed. It was difficult to distinguish the
enemy—a large boat apparently
mounting two guns—which maneu-
vered backward and forward across
the steamer's course in an endeavor
to bring both her guns to action at
the same time.

Skipper Gets Fritz in Tangle.
But the British skipper was a better
seaman than the German, and he skill-
fully thwarted the enemy's scheme,
and got Fritz in no end of a tangle.
Now and again the U-boat scored a
hit. The steamship's wireless aerials
were carried away, her mainmast was
holed, the exhaust steam pipe was per-
forated and the starboard lifeboat
and dinghy damaged. But that did
not bother the steamship or her crew.
The latter were grinning at the gun-
ners, who were giving an exasperat-
ing time of it. Just imagine a crew
of expert gunners with a fine gun, and
a burning desire to strafe a subma-
rine, finding that their gun platform
has collapsed, and that with a "sub"
as a target they have to fire more or
less by guesswork.

But as the navy men always do,
these gunners buckled to. The gun
kicked abominably, and the sighter
had his eyes blackened and his face
cut, but despite this the shooting was
too close and too hot for the U-boat,
which kept at a respectful distance.
The boss and "Sparkie," the wireless
man, took the risk of the U-boat's
fire and repaired the aerials, and the
steamer plugged ahead for harbor.
But it was some hours later before the
pirate drew off, baffled by the indom-
itable pluck of the British sailormen.

Crew Below Decks Also Heroes.
And just a word here for the "black
squad." Both watches of engineers
and stokers were below throughout
the action, and though a shell came
through the bunkers and filled the
stokehold with coal and ashes, they
"carried on" with amazing pluck.

Here is another fine bit of work. A
big ship in ballast, standing out of
the water like a cathedral, was nav-

igating to a port to pick up an
urgent cargo when the skipper, who
had been on the bridge for many
hours, saw a track of a torpedo ap-
proaching ship.

"Hard astern," he called to the quar-
termaster, the wheel, and "Full
astern," swung down to the engine
room, "Bob," the third, "was on
duty by himself. The ship spun
around her heel, as it were, and
the torpedo passed her by. Then the
engine room bell clanged for full
ahead, and down the voice-pipe into
Bob's came the insistent call for
speed, more speed.

By the time the chief engineer and
his staff were on the foot-plate, and
the ship, which ordinarily did eleven
knots, was at top gait, began to cut
the water at a rate which would have
astonished her builders. From the
wireless the S O S call was sent out
and a gunner got busy, but the
U-boat was out of range and fire was
held all the while got closer, when
he was driven back again.

Continues for Three Hours.
The fight had continued for
four hours when the steamer
sighted ships on the submarine's star-

U-BOAT SINKS
U. S. TRANSPORT

Steamer Torpedoed by Subma-
rine 700 Miles Off Coast—67
of Crew Lost.

NO TROOPS WERE ON BOARD

Diver Fired Nineteen Shells into Sink-
ing Craft—Vessel Was Owned by
Great Britain and Under Char-
ter to America.

Washington, June 26.—German sub-
marines operating on this side of the
Atlantic ocean have sunk their first
troop ship. The navy department an-
nounced on Monday that a British
transport, under charter by the Ameri-
can government and bound to this
country, had been destroyed June 18,
some 700 miles east of the Delaware
capex, and that 67 members of the
crew are missing. There were no
troops aboard.

The troop ship apparently was not
under convoy. The submarine was
seen until a torpedo had struck the
ship. Afterward the submersible rose
to the surface and fired 19 shots into
the sinking vessel.

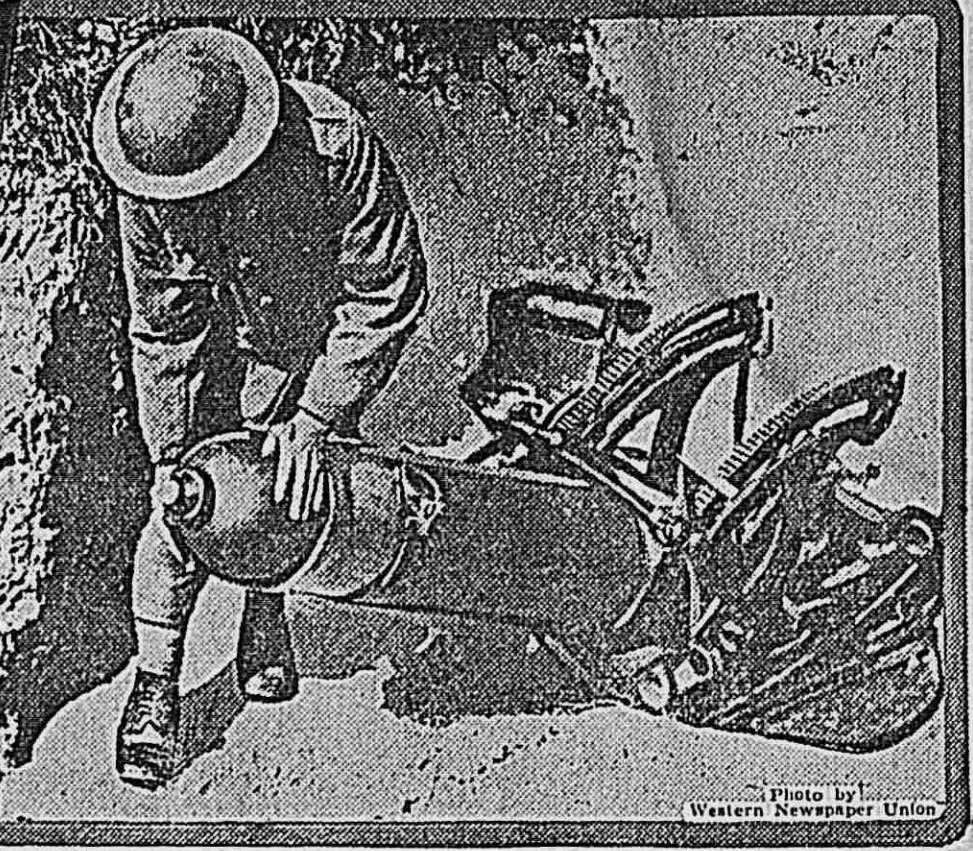
When the steamer settled the crew
took to the boats, the occupants of
four of which, numbering 81 men, have
been landed. Three boats are missing
and a search is being made for them.

The vessel destroyed was said to
have been the former Russian steamer
Dvinsk.

Of the four boats from the steamer
accounted for two were found by a
steamer and their occupants taken to
New York; a third was picked up by
another steamer and the men taken to
Hampton Roads, and the fourth by a
sailing vessel, which landed the crew
at Bermuda.

New York, June 26.—The Dvinsk
was of 8,179 tons, and was formerly
owned by the Russian East Asiatic
Steamship company.

CANADIAN LOADING TRENCH MORTAR



Here is a Canadian on the west front loading a trench mortar with the big
projectile that will carry death to the Huns not far away.

TO REFIT ARMIES FOR INDUSTRY

British Cabinet Already Has Plan
of Work for Soldiers
After War.

GERMANY ALSO PREPARING

Colonization on Farms, Carefully
Worked Out by an Expert, Liable
to Be Upset by Revolt of
the Proletariat.

London.—The British government is
now at work considering how the great
task of demobilizing the army and the
resettlement of the soldiers into civil
occupations at the conclusion of the
war is to be accomplished. The plan
drawn up by the minister of labor is
receiving careful attention, and it is
understood considerable progress has
been made.

Germany also is giving this subject
her attention and the series of articles
by Herr Utsch in the Deutsche Land-
wirtschaftliche Presse considers the
proposed settlement on the land of sol-
diers returning from the war.

Herr Utsch begins by pointing out
that it is a national duty to provide the
disabled or injured soldier not only
with an adequate pension but with suit-
able employment which will enable him
to support himself and his family in
sufficient comfort. In providing such
employment, he says, due regard must
be paid to the wishes and the capacity
of the individual, and no better means
for effecting this can be found than
home colonization, for in no other do-
main are the possibilities so great,
since vast tracts of waste land still ex-
ist in Germany waiting to be opened
up and the returning soldier cherishes
no dearer wish than to have a home of
his own.

Sees Added Wealth.
At the same time, says Herr Utsch,
the interests of the country will be
served, since every fresh small colony
increases the national wealth and
makes it more independent of foreign
countries in the production of food. He
sees a further advantage in attracting
labor to rural districts.

The writer divides the nature of the
employment of the settlers as follows:
Settlements for men employed in in-
dustries or factories.

Holdings for agricultural laborers.
Holdings for independent artisans.
Small holdings with land attached
up to 60 acres or more.

Considering the first class named
they necessarily will be only possible
in the vicinity of towns or large indus-
trial concerns.

The question of the settlement of
those coming under class two will be vi-

tal for agriculture after the war. These
holdings, he says, should be large
enough to enable the settler to grow
sufficient cereals and potatoes for him-
self and family and to keep one or two
cows.

As for the independent artisans in
class three, it would be for the inter-
ests of every community to do its ut-
most to attract labor to the land in its
immediate vicinity.

Under class four, which would be
providing for peasant holdings, the dis-
trict authorities and the provincial set-
tlement companies would have it to
deal with. These settlers would be
those who could command adequate
agricultural knowledge, those who be-
fore the war were tenant farmers,
farm agents, or belonged to the more
efficient class of farm laborers.

Herr Utsch believes that during the
first period after the war it will be
necessary to proceed mainly with the
establishment of individual settlements
near existing villages, for the settlers
will find it easier to make a living and
with the assistance of the communes,
buildings will be cheaper. It will not
be necessary to undertake road making
and drainage operations on a large
scale. This character of settlement,
he believes, would induce soldiers to
settle near their old homes, where, as
they are known, assistance will be
more readily given to them.

Funds From War Profits.
As to the capital that will be neces-
sary to establish such communal set-
tlements, the writer suggests that
about 10 per cent of all war profits
which after the payment of taxes ex-
ceed 20,000 marks ought to be lent on
mortgages on the settlements at the
rate of 3 to 3½ per cent.

Another article dealing with condi-
tions in Germany after the war, but on
entirely different lines from the pen of
C. D. Stelling, considers the extent in
which revolutionary ideas permeate the
German army and what may be the
outcome. The writer says:

"The fuel of revolt is being heaped
up to await the torch that will set it
afire. Competent observers foretell
that revolution will inevitably follow
the conclusion of the war. The
drugged and brutalized proletariat is
waking from its trance. With organi-
zation and leadership the torpid Ger-
man people will at last turn against
the false gods it has been worshipping
and dash them to the ground."

Two-Headed Calf Lives.
Eau Claire, Wis.—A two-headed calf
born on the farm of Matt Leet, who
lives a short distance from this city,
is still alive. Both heads have per-
fectly formed mouths, two eyes and
two noses, but there are only two
ears, one on the outer side of each
head.

U-BOAT SINKS
U. S. TRANSPORT

Steamer Torpedoed by Subma-
rine 700 Miles Off Coast—67
of Crew Lost.

NO TROOPS WERE ON BOARD

Diver Fired Nineteen Shells into Sink-
ing Craft—Vessel Was Owned by
Great Britain and Under Char-
ter to America.

Washington, June 26.—German sub-
marines operating on this side of the
Atlantic ocean have sunk their first
troop ship. The navy department an-
nounced on Monday that a British
transport, under charter by the Ameri-
can government and bound to this
country, had been destroyed June 18,
some 700 miles east of the Delaware
capex, and that 67 members of the
crew are missing. There were no
troops aboard.

The troop ship apparently was not
under convoy. The submarine was
seen until a torpedo had struck the
ship. Afterward the submersible rose
to the surface and fired 19 shots into
the sinking vessel.

When the steamer settled the crew
took to the boats, the occupants of
four of which, numbering 81 men, have
been landed. Three boats are missing
and a search is being made for them.

The vessel destroyed was said to
have been the former Russian steamer
Dvinsk.

Of the four boats from the steamer
accounted for two were found by a
steamer and their occupants taken to
New York; a third was picked up by
another steamer and the men taken to
Hampton Roads, and the fourth by a
sailing vessel, which landed the crew
at Bermuda.

New York, June 26.—The Dvinsk
was of 8,179 tons, and was formerly
owned by the Russian East Asiatic
Steamship company.

ENOUGH YANKS TO BEAT FOE

Premier Lloyd George Warns Next
Two Months Will Be Anxious
Ones—Lauds U. S. Work.

London, June 26.—Premier Lloyd
George announced on Monday that the
next couple of months would be
anxious ones. There might be a great
blow coming in the next few hours, he
said, and certainly in the next few
days, and on this blow the issue of
the campaign might depend.

The entente allies, he added, never
felt better prepared to meet it.

The premier, who made his an-
nouncement in the house of commons,
referred to the amazing organization
which was bringing American troops to
France.

"Enough Americans," he added,
"have arrived to satisfy the allies and
to disappoint and ultimately defeat our
foes."

It was possible that within a short
time, the premier said, the allies would
be stronger than Germany.

Premier Lloyd George said the Aus-
tro-Hungarians were in full retreat.
The question now was, he added,
whether they would be able to effect a
retreat.

Mr. Lloyd George said that it would
be to the interest of the British people
and also just and equitable, if Russia
wanted it, that Great Britain stand by
Russia.

BILLIONS FOR WAR WORK

Congress Breaks All Records in Ap-
propriating Money to Be Used
to Defeat Huns.

Washington, June 26.—Congress,
heartened by the news of the great
Italian victory, shattered all legisla-
tive speed records on Monday by light-
ninglike action on some of the most
important war measures of the pres-
ent session. Billions of dollars for the
war chest were voted with unprece-
dented rapidity and unanimity.

Following is the record for the day:
House passed \$5,500,000,000 fortifica-
tions bill to provide artillery and am-
munition for army of 4,000,000 men.

Senate passed \$3,300,000,000 sundry
civil bill, containing approximately \$2-
000,000,000 more for the shipping pro-
gram.

Senate virtually completed the army
bill, appropriating \$12,000,000,000 for
an army of 3,000,000 men, and granting
the president unlimited authority in
increasing the fighting forces.

Senate ratified the British and Cana-
dian draft treaty to serve as a model
for similar conventions covering more
than 1,000,000 men of military age.

Senator Fall of New Mexico pro-
posed an amendment making the draft
age limits eighteen to forty-five years.

Urges War on Bulgarians.

Washington, June 26.—Representa-
tive Poss advocated closing of the
Bulgarian embassy and a declaration
of war on Turkey, and declared that
"Japan and the United States should
go hand in hand into Russia."

Makes New York Safe for Troops.

New York, June 26.—District At-
torney Swann announced that raids
upon 34 hotels in which 400 men and
women were directed to appear before
him were part of a crusade "to make
the city safe for soldiers."

Libby's Such Flavory Sliced Beef!

THE tenderness of Libby's Sliced
Dried Beef, will delight you—but
you will find the greatest difference
in the flavor!

Have Libby's Sliced Beef with creamed
sauce today. See how much more tender,
more delicate it is than any other you
have ever tried.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

Swift & Company

**Why
Swift & Company
Has Grown**

The fact that a business organ-
ization has grown steadily for
forty years proves that it has
kept continually meeting a vital
business demand.

It must have kept "fit" or it could
not have stood the strain of ever-
shifting conditions.

Swift & Company has been trained
in the school of experience.

Every day of its forty years of
service has solved some new problem
of value to its customers.

Every year has proved its ability to
learn by experience, and to use this
knowledge for the benefit of those
with whom it deals.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

**GOOD-BYE BACKACHE, KIDNEY
AND BLADDER TROUBLES**

For centuries all over the world
GOLD MEDAL Haarm Oil has af-
forded relief in thousands upon thou-
sands of cases of lame back, lumbago,
sciatica, rheumatism, gallstones, gravel
and all other affections of the kid-
neys, liver, stomach, bladder and al-
lied organs. It acts quickly. It does
the work. It cleanses your kidneys
and purifies the blood. It makes a
new man, a new woman, of you. It
frequently wards off attacks of the
dread and fatal diseases of the kid-
neys. It often completely cures the
distressing diseases of the organs of
the body allied with the bladder and
kidneys. Bloody or cloudy urine, sed-
iment, or "brickdust" indicate an un-
healthy condition.

Do not delay a minute if your back
aches or you are sore across the loins
or have difficulty when urinating. Go
to your druggist at once and get a
box of imported GOLD MEDAL Haarm
Oil Capsules. They are pleasant
and easy to take. Each capsule con-
tains about one dose of five drops.
Take them just like you would any
pill. Take a small swallow of water
if you want to. They dissolve in the
stomach, and the kidneys soak up the
oil like a sponge does water. They
thoroughly cleanse and wash out the
bladder and kidneys and throw off the
inflammation which is the cause of
the trouble. They will quickly relieve
those stiffened joints, that backache,
rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica, gall-
stones, gravel, "brickdust," etc. They
are an effective remedy for all dis-
eases of the bladder, kidney, liver,
stomach and allied organs. Your
druggist will cheerfully refund the
money if you are not satisfied within
few days' use. Accept only the
original GOLD MEDAL Haarm Oil
Capsules. None other.

RURAL NEWS

THE ANTIOCH NEWS, ANTIOCH, ILL.

LAKE VILLA

R. A. Douglas spent Sunday with his wife here.

Stella Kerr spent last week with Chicago friends.

Eugene Hawkins of Antioch was a caller here Tuesday.

Mrs. F. M. Hamlin is entertaining a friend from Lake Bluff.

The Wald family entertained Burlington relatives Sunday.

Mrs. Clayton Dixon visited relatives at Union Grove this week.

The Brompton family had Chicago relatives as week-end guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Hendricks of Ingleside spent Sunday with Mrs. Sherwood.

The Angola Cemetery society met with Mrs. Addie Manzer Friday.

Oscar Douglas went to Great Lakes Naval Training station Monday to begin his work as one of Uncle Sam's boys.

Mrs. Rowling and granddaughters are nicely settled in the rooms back of the postoffice.

Chas. Glosser of Maywood spent a few days last week with Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Atwell.

Arthur Golden was taken to the County hospital last week for treatment for a tumor on the brain.

Mr. Davis has sold the stock of goods recently bought of D. R. Manzer to a Chicago firm who moved them by truck the first of the week.

Harry Stratton, E. L. Wald and F. M. Hamlin were in Chicago Friday on business connected with the re-organization of the bank.

Edgar Kerr was home a few days last week before leaving for a training camp in Kentucky, where he is one of a machine gun battalion.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Reinbach spent over Sunday with Chicago relatives and Mr. Reinbach entered a training camp in S. Carolina the first of the week.

A number of ladies from here attended the Food Preservation meetings at Libertyville this week. F. M. Hamlin has been appointed Food Administrator for our township and all violations of food laws should be reported to him.

Keep the date, July 13, free for the Red Cross auction sale in the park. The Lehman building next to the bank has also been obtained for that purpose. Auction sale beginning at 1 o'clock will last all afternoon. Rev. Rompel of Waukegan, who pleased his hearers so much at the dedication of our service flag is our speaker for the afternoon. Allendale band will furnish the music also a patriotic program will be given in the evening and supper will be served in the Potter restaurant. Several donations have already been received and the Red Cross members are very busy getting things ready. Any kind of a donation is acceptable, from a spool of thread to an automobile, and will be accepted at any time by the committee. Several attractions have been procured for the occasion for your entertainment.

Her Great Fault.

"Would you call Mrs. Gowlitt a good conversationalist?" "Yes, and no. She makes you think of a lot of things to say, but she talks so incessantly you don't get a chance to say them."—Boston Transcript.

MILLBURN

Warren Cleveland of Chicago spent Sunday with his parents.

Rev. Geo. Safford of Bloomington, Wis., is visiting the home folks.

A number from here attended the June meeting at Ivanhoe last Tuesday.

Miss Inez Pollock of Chicago spent over Sunday with her aunts, the Misses Watson.

Menzo Webb and wife entertained Mr. and Mrs. Gerred of Libertyville over Sunday.

Victor Strang and family motored to Three Oaks, Michigan, for several days visit. Mrs. Dawson accompanied them home.

Miss Vivian Bonner returns to A. H. Stewart's this week having had a ten day vacation with the home folks.

Miss Helen Safford left Saturday for Madison, Wisconsin, to attend the State University for the summer.

HICKORY

Curtis Wells and family spent Sunday at Will Hook's.

D. Pollen and wife were in Waukegan Friday.

Mrs. Peter Toft entertained a friend from Waukegan last week.

Harry Tillotson and family spent Sunday at Wilbur Hunter's.

Mrs. Hollenbeck of Kenosha is visiting her son and family here.

Lois Hunter spent last week with her grandmother, Mrs. Pickles.

Mrs. Jannette Wells and son Gordon spent Sunday with Ernest Wells.

Elmer, Almond and Ruth Pullen visited at T. Petersen's at Lake Villa Sunday.

O. L. Hollenbeck, Frazier, Harmon and Master Geo. Harmer autoed to Waukegan Saturday evening.

SALEM

Fred Smallfelt has a new Ford.

A. Colby was a Chicago visitor Saturday.

A. Paddock and wife were Kenosha visitors Saturday.

Mrs. John Madden and Vera Burdick were Kenosha visitors Monday.

Mr. Ray Paddock is having a new cement barn built on his farm.

Mrs. A. Burdick and daughter Vera motored to Zion city Sunday.

Miss Vera Burdick is entertaining Miss Mildred Smith of Zion City.

Dr. Fletcher took John Madden to Kenosha Monday where he underwent an operation.

Mrs. J. Van Alstine is visiting her daughter Mrs. Chas. Blanchard of Hickory this week.

Eddie and Arthur McVicar are visiting their grandmother, Mrs. A. McVicar of Kenosha this week.

Mr. John Gegan had the misfortune to get one of his fingers lacerated in the grader in the road Wednesday.

Jas. McVicar and family gave a party Saturday night in honor of their brother Albert Ott who is called into service.

WILMOT

Miss Edith Darby is visiting at Spring Grove.

George Panknin has purchased a Ford car.

Mrs. Kruckman was a Kenosha visitor Friday.

Edna Lois is attending the Milwaukee normal summer school.

Mildred Wenzloff of Silverlake was a guest of Mrs. J. Carey Thursday.

Mrs. Faulkner entertained the M. E. Ladies Aid society Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Clare of Chicago, have been visiting relatives here over Sunday.

Ermine Carey entertained the members of the High School Faculty Sunday night.

Private Hubert Schenning from Fort Sill, Oklahoma, called on friends here the past week.

Mrs. A. Holdorf accompanied her brother Fred Mecklenburg to Kenosha Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Pelletier was called to Chicago the first of the week by the illness of her brother-in-law.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Paul Voss of Randall, a nine pound baby girl, Virginia May, on June 17.

Mr. and Mrs. Wright are entertaining Mrs. Rice of Genoa and Mr. and Mrs. J. Wright of Appleton.

The Lutheran Young People's society attended a party in honor of Private Otto Stensel at his home last Monday night.

Mrs. August Holdorf returned Saturday from Sheboygan Fall where she was called to attend the funeral of her mother.

Friends of Privates Charles Bruel and Ira While will be interested to learn that they have been transferred to Eastern ports.

Rosa Baffon returned home Friday night for the summer vacation after having taught in the Kenosha schools the past year.

Several of the Wilmot young people attended a lawn social at the August Drom home Saturday evening, given by the Silverlake Baptist young people.

The graded school picnic for the Wilmot school will be held at the grounds Saturday. Miss Matten's pupils are preparing a program for the occasion.

The Lutheran fair and supper held on Thursday was well attended. The ladies cleared \$160 from the sale of their fancy work and the receipts of the supper.

Miss Ruth Henderson, of the Kenosha County Council of Defense, will demonstrate the canning of vegetable at the Lutheran hall at 2:30 p. m. on Wednesday, July 10. Everybody invited.

Leland Hanneman returned for the summer vacation Saturday. He attended the Northwestern college at Watertown the past year. During the summer Leland will be employed in the Frank Kruckman store.

The following teachers were hired by the U. F. high school board at a recent meeting. Principal, Anton Minsart, Agriculture and Science; Minnie Faber, English; Bertha Zepp, History and Mathematics; Ermine Carey, Domestic Science.

Notices have been sent for everyone to be present at the school house on Friday night, June 29, wage earners and taxpayers, at a National War Savings meeting for the pledging of Thrift and War Savings stamps. Miss O'Connor has arranged to give a program also.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin McGuire returned Monday after a week's stay in Chicago where they went to attend the wedding of their son George, a paying teller in a large Seattle bank for the past twelve years, Miss Marion Woods, a teacher of the Chicago public schools. The wedding was held at the Visitation church at half past four Saturday afternoon, June 15, with dinner at the Congress hotel following. Miss Woods is a charming girl and will be well remembered by Wilmot residents as she has spent several summers here as the guest of Norah McGuire. Mr. and Mrs. McGuire left immediately for their new home in Seattle.

Miss Sylvia Dowell returned Saturday after having spent the week at the Madison University as a reward for having won first prize last summer for a tomato growing and canning contest in which she carried off the honors. George Harm was also of the party, having won first prize in the acre of corn contest. The prizes were donated by S. Gottlieb of Kenosha. Mr. Merin had charge of the sixty prize winners and conducted the party during their week's stay at Madison. They had an opportunity to witness the university graduating exercises, to hear lectures by the best University professors and inspect all the university and state buildings. Automobile and launch trips were arranged for them while in Madison and a stop over was made in Milwaukee to see the Historical museum.

TREVOR

Mrs. Chas. Van Wormer is entertaining a sister from Oregon.

Miss Leora Sheen is attending summer school at Milwaukee.

Byron Patrick spent the week-end with friends in Racine.

Miss Fanny Bruel of Camp Lake is clerking in the Shreck store.

Mrs. L. Mickle and Mrs. J. Smith called on Mrs. Dobyns at Antioch Friday.

Mrs. Josephine Bolton, who has been spending sometime with a daughter in Racine Tuesday.

Lucile Mathews left Saturday for Union Grove, where she will attend the summer school.

Mrs. Wm. Kruckman and children of Burlington spent Thursday with the Patrick sisters.

Alfred Reynolds and wife of Wilmot and Winn Peterson and wife of Kenosha called on the Patrick sisters Sunday.

A Junior Red Cross society has been organized. They meet at the Red Cross room for work Thursday from 2 to 5 o'clock.

Benlah Drom of Silverlake was calling on friends here Sunday. She reports that her brother August, has been in France for a month.

Clayton Lester and wife of Oak Park autoed to Trevor Saturday, returning Sunday accompanied by the latter's father, Ebert Kennedy.

Albert Mutz came out from Chicago Saturday to spend the week-end with his wife and son, who are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Letzter.

Mrs. Henry Lubeno went to Chicago Friday to meet her mother, Mrs. Jennie Booth who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Swan in Topeka, Kansas.

On account of a misunderstanding of dates the visitors from the Kenosha Red Cross society did not appear Wednesday but will be here this week Wednesday.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Rafferty of Rockford were guests of the latter's aunt, Mrs. Geo. Patrick last Wednesday and Thursday. Lieutenant Rafferty leaves this week for France.

Miss Burroughs and Miss Sheen will succeed themselves as teachers for the coming year. Miss Burroughs left on Wednesday for Milwaukee, where she will spend a few days with friends before returning to her home in Dodgeville.

INGALLROS OPTOMISTS

Graduates cornick OPTICAL COLLEGE

L. G. STRIG

Licensed Embalmer
Funeral Director
ANTIOCH, ILL.
PHONE 128-R
ALSO FARMER'S L

W. G. Bragg

Teacher of Violin
Associate teacher of Chk. Lindsay
Studio in Opera House Block
Reference

Dr. F. S. Morrell, Antioch

A. HADLOCK, Oph. M.
Optometrist
Eye Glasses Scientifically Fitted
At Keulman's Jewelry Store
Antioch, Ill.

LOTUS CAMP NO. 557 M. W.

Meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month in the Woodmen hall, Antioch, Ill. Visiting Neighbors always welcome.
J. C. JAMES, Clerk. NORRIS PROCTOR, V. C.

T. N. DONNELLY & CO.

Loan and Diamond Broker
Diamonds, watches and all kinds of jewelry at less than cost. At half the price you pay regular stores.
24 North Dearborn St. Chicago.

When does she get so much time

Many ask themselves this question. The secret of her is house-hold efficiency.

Electric appliances, the washing machine and vacuum cleaner, wash all your household in a fraction of the time in a now use. The electric is always the easy way.

We sell appliances on monthly payments.

Public Service of Northern Ills.

For Electric

lighting, fixtures, motors, irons, ranges, washing machines and all other power and heating devices see

Cash or easy payment

P. D. SKILBECK,
Phone, 48-J Grays Lake
House wiring our specialty

Sequoia Lodge No. 827 A.F. & A.M.

Holds regular communication the first and third Wednesday evening of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome.
RANK HUBER, Sec'y. P. O. HAWKINS, W. M.
The Eastern Star meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month.
JULIA ROSENFELD, M. L.
IDA OSBORN, Sec'y

BANK OF ANTIOCH

Buy and Sell Exchange and do General Banking Business
J. E. BROOK, Banker

ANTIOCH MILLING CO.

Try Our New
SANO
Brand Flour

Custom Grinding of All Kinds

Let us show you what we can do

Corner Main and Railroad Streets, Antioch



I respectfully nounce my candidacy for Representative in the General Assembly from the Eighth Senatorial District, subject to the decision of the Democratic Primaries to be held September 11, 1918.

PLATFORM

1. To support a Country in war and contend for a Democratic peace.
2. To defend Democratic policies—The principle of Equality for all men; The stability of banking laws; The principle of graduated taxation; The foreign policy of justice and a helping hand to small nations and open favor and friendship to Democracies and peoples.
3. Against every attempt to use the legislature to hinder the City of Chicago or other municipality from acquiring the ownership, on fair terms of transportation (or other purely public) utilities.
4. To exclude income producing utilities from the limitation of municipal indebtedness.
5. Against the continued classification of our women with convicts, idiots, and insane persons in our suffrage laws.
6. For orderly progress—evolution, not revolution.

I was born on a farm in Lake County and have lived in this district all of my life; Am a lawler and live with my wife, two sons and two daughters at 717 N. County street, Waukegan.

I have been a teacher, a farmer, and postmaster; completed the Teachers' Normal Course at Dixon, Ill., in 1900, and was graduated from the Scientific Department of the same institution in 1903; Left the teaching profession in 1905, and began farming; The change was justified by the result.

By natural sympathies and my intimate knowledge of farming (as well as interests; and my present residence and business give me a clear view and understanding of the important and growing interest in the business centers and would make me accessible to them when emergencies arise.

HERBERT A. SHEA
WAUKEGAN, ILL.